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A SUMMARY OF XB-70 SONIC BOOM SIGNATURE DATA

Domenic J. Maglieri Victor E. Sothcott and Thomas N. Keefer, Jr.

Eagle Engineering, Inc. Hampton Division Hampton, Virginia

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by

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SUMMARY

This paper provides a compilation of measured sonic boom signature data derived from 39 supersonic flights (43 passes) of the XB-70 airplane over the Mach number range of 1.11 to 2.92 and an altitude range of 30,500 feet to 70,300 feet. These tables represent a convenient hard copy version of available electronic files which include over 300 digitized sonic boom signatures with their corresponding spectra. Also included in the electronic file is information regarding ground track position, aircraft operating conditions, and surface and upper air weather observations for each of the 43 supersonic passes.

In addition to the sonic boom signature data, this paper also provides a description of the XB-70 data base that has been placed on electronic files along with a description of the method used to scan and digitize the analog/oscillograph sonic boom signature time histories. Such information is intended to enhance the value and utilization of the electronic files.

INTRODUCTION

Over the past few years there has been a renewed interest in high-speed commercial flight with particular emphasis on addressing environmental issues (refs. 1-3). Sonic boom is one of the environmental issues of concern for High Speed Civil Transports (HSCT). A considerable amount of effort is now being focussed on this topic, following a long period of inactivity subsequent to the cessation of the NASA/DoD/FAA sonic boom activities in the early 1970's. A significant initial event was a meeting of a panel of experts from industry, government, and university (ref. 4) to discuss the current status of sonic boom methodology and understanding, in particular, any advances or breakthroughs that may have resulted beyond that summarized at the second sonic boom symposium (ref. 5). Of particular interest is the measured sonic boom signatures for large heavy aircraft operating in the Mach-altitude range comparable with HSCT. NASA has recently provided electronic files of tabulated sonic boom signature data from several flight tests (refs. 6-10) along with airplane operating conditions and surface and upper level atmospheric information. The U.S. Air Force has also completed a series of sonic boom overflights (ref. 11) involving eight different supersonic aircraft and similar information is also provided on electronic files. Such electronic files will permit more effective and efficient use of these measurements in providing insight into generation, propagation, and prediction of sonic booms.

The XB-70 is the largest aircraft for which sonic boom measurements have been obtained. A total of 12 flights (19 passes) were made with this aircraft over an array of microphones during the time period June 1966 through January 1967 as part of Phases I and II of the National Sonic Boom Program (ref. 6) and provided a data base of sonic boom signature characteristics acquired from 114 boom measurements. These latter data are presented in reference 7 and are available on the previously mentioned NASA electronic files.

A large number of sonic boom measurements were also obtained on the XB-70 during the time period March 1965 through May 1966. These data, which were documented in the form of internal memoranda only, also provided inputs to the U.S. SST Program, particularly with respect to the expected magnitude of sonic boom overpressures for large commercial SST's. The measured signature data contained in the numerous internal memoranda have also been used to confirm the existing prediction schemes (refs. 12-14) and have added to the data base relating to the variability in signature characteristics due to atmospheric effects (ref. 12). Complete documentation of sonic boom signature information, including aircraft operations and atmospheric conditions acquired during this latter time period (March 1965 through May 1966), has not been available in hard copy or on electronic files.

NASA, therefore, undertook the task of placing this previously unreported XB-70 sonic boom data onto a electronic data file compatible with the previously mentioned NASA sonic boom electronic file. In addition, this present file includes the digitized boom signatures and spectra from the copies of the original oscillograph records. The utilization of the sonic boom electronic data file in quantifying effects of atmospheric turbulence and molecular absorption on sonic boom waveforms is a major thrust.

The purpose of this report is to provide a hard copy summary of the measured sonic boom signature data derived from the 39 supersonic flights of the XB-70 (43 passes) over the Mach number range of 1.11 to 2.92 and an altitude range of 30,500 feet to 70,300 feet. In addition, this paper also provides a description of the XB-70 data base that has been placed on electronic file along with a description of the method used to scan and digitize the analog/oscillograph sonic boom pressure time histories.

NATURE OF DATA BASE

This section provides a description of the method used for the compilation and documentation of the XB-70 data base. Included is a description of the test aircraft, a summary of XB-70 flights, an indication of the basic aircraft flight plan and sonic boom measurement sites, aircraft position and operating conditions, atmospheric information, measured sonic boom signatures, and the method involved in scanning/digitizing the above information. The NASA Flight Research Center, with the cooperation of the U. S. Air Force, North American Aviation, Inc., and the Federal Aviation Agency, took advantage of the opportunity to measure and document the sonic booms generated during the supersonic phases of the Air Force XB-70 flight demonstration program. As a result, the data reflect no systematic parameter variations, uniformity in instrumentation layouts, or completeness in vehicle flights and atmospheric data.

Each sonic boom run was initially documented in memorandum form. Included were: a brief information cover page; a table listing the measurement location, flight number, weight, Mach number and altitude conditions measured and, in a few cases, predicted overpressures and pertinent remarks; a sketch of the microphone arrangement; aircraft ground track in relation to the instrument site; flight parameters from the on-board data system; upper air temperature and wind velocity profiles; microphone calibration curves; and copies of the oscillograph traces of the sonic boom signatures. During a few of the sonic boom runs, chase aircraft were involved in the XB-70 operations. These chase aircraft, which were not tracked, trailed the XB-70 by about 0.5 to 60 seconds and flew at the same Mach-altitude conditions as the XB-70. Boom signature information from these chase aircraft was also included in the original documentation.

Description of Test Aircraft

The majority of sonic boom data presented in this report and on the related electronic files are associated with the 43 passes of the XB-70. In addition, during the early portion of the flight test program there were 10 passes that involved chase aircraft and sonic booms were also acquired on these aircraft which included the B-58, F-4, and T-38. Descriptions of the primary and chase aircraft are presented in figure 1.

XB-70. - Figure 1(a) is a photograph and three-view sketch of the delta-winged XB-70 aircraft. The XB-70 is the largest U.S. supersonic aircraft for which sonic boom measurements have been obtained. It is powered by six turbojet engines, all housed side-by-side in a rectangular arrangement, and has a length of about 185 feet and a span of 105 feet. Takeoff gross weights varied from about 440,000 pounds to 535,000 pounds and aircraft weights at the time of boom were on the order of 300,000 pounds to 470,000 pounds. These weight estimates are believed to be accurate to within ± 10,000 pounds.

Both the XB-70 #1 and XB-70 #2 aircraft were involved in the sonic boom flights. These two vehicles are essentially similar in all aspects with the exception that the #2 ship had 5 degrees more wing dihedral. Each aircraft has a "drooped" nose windshield and wing tips that fold downward for high-speed flight. On all sonic boom runs at Mach numbers above 1.3, the nose/windshield was in an up position and wing tips were at 65 degrees downward. On sonic boom runs at Mach numbers below 1.3, the wing tips were at 25 degrees downward.

Chase aircraft. - Three chase aircraft were involved in 10 of the 43 XB-70 sonic boom passes. The B-58 was involved as the chase plane on all 10 of these flights. On one flight, a F-4 was also used as a chase aircraft along with the B-58 and on another flight the T-38 was used as a chase aircraft along with the B-58. A photograph and a three-view sketch of each of these aircraft is presented in figure 1. The B-58 is a delta wing bomber of about 100,000 pounds gross weight, powered by four pod-mounted turbojets, is about 97 feet in length and 57 feet in span. The F-4 has a gross weight of about 56,000 pounds, is powered by two turbojet engines, has a length of 63 feet and 28 feet in span. The T-38 has a gross weight of about 20,000 pounds, is powered by two turbojet engines, has a length of 47 feet and 25 feet in span.

Summary of XB-70 Flights

This section identifies the number of XB-70 flight operations for which sonic booms were measured out of the total number of flights made by both the #1 and #2 vehicles. Included in the present study are the sonic boom runs that took place during the time period March 1965 through May 1966, and are tabulated along with those flights that were specifically assigned to the Phase I and II National Sonic Boom Program during the time period June 1966 through January 1967, which are documented separately on hard copy (refs. 6-7) and on the previously mentioned NASA electronic files.

Total number of flights. - In Table I are presented a cumulative listing of the flights for both XB-70 aircraft which began on September 21, 1964 and concluded on February 4, 1969. A total of 83 flights were made with the #1 ship and 46 flights with the #2 ship. Also indicated in the table

are the pilot/copilot assignments, the maximum Mach number and altitude obtained on each flight, and the total flight time. Note that the highest Mach number and altitude flight (No. 74) of 3.07 and 73,000 feet were achieved with the 32nd flight of aircraft #2 (Flight 2-32) on April 8, 1966. The longest duration of flight (No. 47), 3 hours and 40 minutes, was with the 30th flight of aircraft #1 (Flight 1-30) on January 6, 1966.

<u>Sonic boom runs</u>. - Of the 129 flights accomplished during the almost 5-year flight program involving the two XB-70 aircraft, sonic boom measurements were acquired on 51 flights (noted by the blacked-in circle and square symbols). Of these 51 flights, 39 relate to the present effort (circle symbols) and 12 flights relate to a previously documented XB-70 electronic data base (square symbols).

In Table II is presented a listing of the 39 flights (42 passes) for which sonic booms were obtained during the March 1965 through May 1966 time period, and are reported in the present paper. Included is the flight date, flight number, takeoff time and gross weight, total flight time, time of sonic boom arrival at the measuring site (accurate to within ± 15 minutes of actual boom time), the aircraft Mach number, altitude, and gross weight at the time of boom, and the aircraft landing weight. It is important to note that Mach number and altitude conditions listed for any given sonic boom run in Table II will, in most cases, not match up with those listed in Table I, since only the maximum Mach number, altitude, and flight time duration attained on the flights are listed in the latter. Also shown in Table II is a column designated DJM File #. This numbering system was added to facilitate the identification of the sonic boom information contained on the electronic files and is discussed in more detail in a later section of this report.

Aircraft Flight Plan and Measurement Sites

The U.S. Air Force XB-70 Flight Demonstration Program involved a basic flight plan/ground track. As such, the sonic boom measurement locations were chosen based upon three key factors: the requirement for an omnidirectional radio range navigation station to guide the XB-70 pilot over the instrumented site, the XB-70 flight plan, and the availability of radar tracking and weather data.

Basic flight plan. - The basic flight area utilized by the XB-70 was contained within a north-south pattern some 600 miles long by 170 miles wide, as shown in figure 2, and includes the states of California, Arizona, Nevada, Idaho, and Oregon. All aircraft takeoffs were out of Edwards AFB, California, which was also the designated landing site. For the 39 flights (43 sonic boom passes) of the present paper, takeoff times ranged from as early as about 0650 hours local time to as late as 1539 hours and flight durations varied from about 1 hour, 27 minutes to about 2 hours, 27 minutes. Although a few sonic boom measurements were obtained before 0900 hours and as late as 1646 hours, the majority of the measurements were made between 1000-1300 hours.

Measurement sites. - The five sonic boom measurements sites utilized for the 39 flights are illustrated in figure 2 and include two sites at Edwards AFB, California; one at Boron, California; one at Beatty, Nevada; and one at Coaldale, Nevada. Of the two Edwards sites, one was located at the east edge of Edwards dry lake and designated Lake site and one was located 6 miles north of Edwards and designed site 3. The inset table in figure 2 lists the five site locations, their elevation, and the sets of measurements acquired at each site. Eight sets of measurements were acquired at the Lake site, and twenty-four (24) measurements were at site 3. The elevations of these two

Edwards sites are 2300 feet and 2700 feet above sea level, respectively. The Boron site is about 12 miles east of Edwards AFB and is at an elevation of 2400 feet. A total of twelve (12) sets of measurements were acquired at this site. The Beatty site, used for only one (1) set of measurements, was at an elevation of 4950 feet; the Coaldale site, used for eight (8) sets of measurements, had an elevation of 4800 feet. All of the test sites were generally flat and free from any obstruction for at least 1000 feet in any direction. Although the intent was to locate the sonic boom measurement site underneath the XB-70 flight track, this was not always possible. As such, the site locations ranged from being directly under the aircraft flight path to as much as 15 miles to the left and 8 miles to the right of the aircraft ground track.

Microphone arrangements. - Two basic microphone arrangements were utilized for the sonic boom measurements at the test sites and these are illustrated in figure 3. One arrangement, shown at the lower left portion of the figure, involved four (4) microphones, three located at ground level at 200-foot spacings and one at a 20-foot elevation. The second arrangement, shown in the upper right portion of the figure, involved eight (8) microphones, six located at ground level at 100-foot spacings and two at a 20-foot elevation and also separated by 100 feet. The 100-foot and 200-foot microphone separations permit a measure of sonic boom signature variability due to atmosphere influences (primarily resulting from the lower layers of the earth's boundary layer). Although the 20-foot microphone elevation is insufficient to completely separate the incident and reflected signatures, it does provide for a measure of "free-air" bow-shock overpressures.

In the majority of the measurement program, the ground microphones were positioned at ground level in a 3-foot by 3-foot board with their diaphragm parallel to the ground surface. This setup was complemented on some of the later flights (8) with a "milk stool" arrangement wherein a few of the microphones were suspended by rubber bands about 9 inches above the ground, the diaphragm still parallel with the ground surface. Although the 9-inch height allows for a shock reflection, it is so minor it had very little effect on the measured signature in terms of overpressure, shock rise times, and signature duration. On four runs, a very thin plastic covering over the entire "milk stool" arrangement of one microphone was examined from the aspects of a windscreen/rainshield. In these relatively few altered versions of the microphone arrangements, side-by-side comparisons were made with the flush-mounted basic microphone placement. The effects regarding overpressure levels and signature shapes for any of the nonbasic arrangements were noted to be minor.

Instrumentation system. - The sonic boom instrumentation system used to record the boom signatures was developed by NASA in the 1961 time period (ref. 15). This basic analog system, shown schematically in figure 4(a), consisted of a modified condenser microphone, tuning unit, d.c. amplifier, and FM tape recorder and had an overall flat frequency response of from about 0.1 Hz to 10 KHz. Playbacks of the analog sonic boom signature data into a recording oscillograph having 5 KHz galvanometers limited the high frequency response to 5 KHz. The transient response of the entire system was evaluated. The findings indicated that the sonic boom instrumentation system is capable of measuring rise times as short as 50 microseconds. Extension of the low frequency end of the system to faithfully reproduce the expansion portion of the sonic boom signature was accomplished by changing the configuration of the microphone vent chamber to extend the low end frequency roll-off from about 10 Hz to 0.1 Hz (see fig. 4b).

Knowledge of the frequency responses of the measuring, recording, and playback systems is, of course, important in regard to the digitizing of the oscillograph copies of the sonic boom

signatures. Since the original signatures were played through a 5 KHz galvanometer, the digitizing rate of the optical scanning system should be about 10 KHz in order to maintain the required fidelity in reproduction of the signatures.

Aircraft Position and Operating Conditions

Information relating to the XB-70 ground track and position and operating conditions with respect to the sonic boom measurement site was acquired by means of ground-based radar and the XB-70 onboard data system. The type of information provided by each system during the time of the sonic boom passes, and included in the original hard copy format, is discussed below. Chase aircraft, when involved, were not tracked and information regarding the Mach number and altitude conditions and fuel remaining (to estimate aircraft weight) at time of boom were obtained by the pilot from the aircraft instrumentation.

Ground track. - A typical radar ground track of XB-70 #2, Flight #7 (DJM File #10) at a nominal Mach number of 1.42 and at an altitude of 31,000 feet above mean sea level (MSL) is presented in figure 5. Note that the aircraft was heading north and the measurement site was located 4500 feet to the right of the aircraft ground track. Also indicated on the ground track line at 2-second intervals are time marks from which aircraft ground speed can be obtained. The approximate point of origin of the boom is also identified (that is, the position of the aircraft along its flight path where the boom was generated that was measured at the test site) and is calculated assuming a standard atmosphere (ref. 16). In most of the sonic boom runs, the XB-70 maintained straight, steady, level flight for considerable distances up-track from the point of origin of the boom. However, there are cases where the aircraft was in a slight turn. In all cases, however, the booms can be considered steady-state events.

Aircraft operating parameters. - An indication of the type of information relating to the aircraft operating conditions for XB-70 #1, Flight #45 (DJM File #36) obtained by means of the onboard flight data system, are presented in figure 6. Time histories of altitude, Mach number, angle of attack, and normal acceleration are shown at about 10-second intervals for about a 90-second time period during the sonic boom run. The time of zero origin is usually taken as the overhead position of the aircraft at the measurement site (or closest point of approach from the aircraft ground track to the measurement site). Also noted is the approximate point of origin of the sonic boom which correlates the aircraft onboard operating conditions to the radar ground track information of figure 5. For the flight conditions reflected by the data in figure 6, it is apparent that the XB-70 flight was quite steady in terms of Mach number and altitude (Mach 2.23 and 53,000 feet) and was flying steady at 1g.

Since the aircraft was always under radar control, there are two independently generated sets of data for Mach number and altitude, one obtained from the radar data and one from the aircraft onboard instrumentation. The correlation of these two data sets, presented in figure 7, may be of interest. It can be seen that the XB-70 onboard data shows a slightly higher altitude (about 2000 feet) than the radar data and a slightly lower Mach number (about 0.02 M) than the radar results would indicate. This is expected since the onboard system data were derived from local ambient conditions in real time, whereas the radar data utilizes upper air atmosphere observations based on a standard atmosphere or information from actual sonde launches at location and times different from those of the aircraft. All of the aircraft operational data of the present paper are obtained from the onboard flight data system.

Atmospheric Information

For most sonic boom flight tests, two types of weather information are catalogued: upper air and ground surface-climatological data. During the subject flight tests, data from rawinsonde releases were utilized and documented. These data were recently enhanced with archival upper air and surface data observations from the National Oceanographic and Atmosphere Administration (NOAA) files. Following is a description of the atmospheric data associated with these 39 flights (43 sonic booms passes).

<u>Upper air temperature and wind profiles</u>. - During the XB-70 sonic boom measurement effort in the March 1965 through May 1966 time period, rawinsonde upper air data were acquired from weather stations in the vicinity of the five measurement sites and also within an hour or so before or after the sonic boom run. The weather site was within 15 miles of the two Edwards and Boron, California, locations. For the two Nevada sites, Beatty and Coaldale, weather was obtained from weather stations at Las Vegas and Winnemucca, Nevada, respectively. Las Vegas is about 100 miles south of Beatty and Winnemucca is about 200 miles north of Coaldale.

NASA sonic boom prediction schemes (ref. 16), in existence at the time, called for atmospheric data inputs of temperature and wind information and, thus, this is all that was gleaned from the rawinsonde package; specifically, a temperature profile from near surface level to an altitude 5000 feet or so above aircraft altitude and corresponding profiles of the wind components parallel and perpendicular to the aircraft flight track. An example of such data is given in figure 8 which relates to XB-70 #2, Flight #6 (DJM File #9) flying at an altitude of 33,000 feet MSL at Mach 1.35. Data of the type shown in figure 8 are provided on electronic files for each run.

Archival upper air data. - In order to enhance the value of the sonic boom measurements presented in this paper, particularly with reference to the influence of the atmosphere on signature distortions, NOAA archival upper air data were acquired for the 39 days on which the sonic boom flights were conducted. These standard rawinsonde launches occurred twice per day at 1200 hours and 2400 hours at Edwards AFB, California, and at Yucca Flat and Tonapah, Nevada. These latter two weather sites were used to represent the Beatty and Coaldale measurement sites, respectively. Yucca Flat is about 40 miles east of Beatty and Tonapah is about 40 miles east of Coaldale. These data, like all the atmospheric information cited in this report, are available only on electronic file and will consist of temperature, pressure, relative humidity, and wind speed and direction at significant altitudes (about every 50 mb).

Archival surface-climatological data. - Surface observations, along with cloud cover and precipitation, were not acquired at the time of the actual sonic boom tests. However, these data are also available from the NOAA archival files for Edwards, California, and Yucca Flat and Tonapah, Nevada. These data are included on the electronic files of the present study effort. The NOAA surface-climatological data are provided in hourly intervals and contain temperature, dew point, wind speed and direction, cloud cover and precipitation. This information is provided at that time closest to the sonic boom time.

Sonic Boom Signatures

This section will provide an indication of the quality and character of the measured sonic boom signature traces available on the electronic files. It should be recalled that at the time this information was being acquired and documented in memorandum format, its primary use was relating sonic boom overpressure levels for the large aircraft to the predicted levels that would be associated with the U.S. SST. The XB-70 boom signature results were initially utilized in confirming and improving on the predictive techniques and providing insight into the influence of the atmosphere on signature distortion, especially in terms of shock front rise times as it related to subjective response. Much information remains to be gleaned from the data set; thus, this section will also address signature variability and specify waveform categories and sonic boom signature descriptors that are consistent with those of other sonic boom electronic data bases (refs. 6-10).

Typical oscillograph traces. - An example of the type of sonic boom traces that are included in each of the original memoranda documenting sonic boom test flights is given in figure 9. This example is for XB-70 #2, Flight #7 (DJM File #10) over the Coaldale, Nevada, test site which consisted of the four microphone arrangements as shown in figure 3. Since the B-58 chase aircraft was following behind the XB-70, its boom signature was also recorded at the site some 3.6 seconds later. Because of the large size of the XB-70 and the fact that it is flying at a relatively low Mach number and altitude, the signature measured at ground level is not a simple far-field N-wave (as shown for the B-58) but is a near-field signature containing an intermediate shock. In general, most of the signatures of figure 9 exhibit fairly short shock rise times and reflect little influence of atmospheric effects. Some peaking and rounding of the waveform can be noted on the B-58 signatures from microphones 5 and 7, respectively. The oscillograph copies of the measured boom signatures, typified by the examples shown on figure 9, have been digitized and are included on the electronic files.

Signature variability. - Examples of measured sonic boom signature variability observed with the XB-70 is shown in figure 10. The three signatures illustrated are taken from one of the ground level microphones, specifically, microphone 4 of XB-70 #1, Flight #33 (DJM File #27), microphone 2 of XB-70 #2, Flight #18 (DJM File #26), and microphone 6 of XB-70 #1, Flight #42 (DJM File #35). A "normal" far-field N-wave with fairly short rise time shock fronts was observed on XB-70 #2, Flight 18, whereas, a "spiked-peaked-rounded" and "rounded" waveform with longer rise time shock fronts were observed on XB-70 #1, Flight #33 and XB-70 #1, Flight #42, respectively. Such a wide range of signature variation brought about by the atmosphere, was not, at the time these tests were being conducted, totally unexpected and had been observed in earlier flight tests (refs. 10 and 17).

Waveform categories. - In previous sonic boom flight test programs, a set of waveform categories has been established to reflect the character of the boom signature observed. These same ten waveform categories, illustrated in figure 11, are used to catalogue the signatures of the present report. In addition to the ten wave shapes, word descriptions are also given to each of the categories by means of a single, two, or three letter designation; for instance, a type "NP" was judged to be intermediate between a type "N" normal N-waveform and a type "P" peaked waveform. An "SPR" is a "spiked-peaked-rounded" signature. Such designators are included on both the hard copy listings contained in this report and on the associated electronic files.

Signature descriptors. - The key parameters associated with the measured sonic boom signatures are illustrated in figure 12 and include the positive pressure Δp , positive impulse I_{pos} , duration of the positive phase of the signature Δt_{pos} , total duration of the waveform ΔT , and bow shock wave rise time τ (readings at 1/2, 3/4, and ΔP_{max}). Each of these quantities, along with the waveform category are listed in Table III of this report and on the associated electronic files.

SCANNING AND DIGITIZING METHODS

The information presented in this section is intended to provide a description of the scanning and digitizing methods which were utilized in converting the oscillograph record data contained in the original memorandum documentation of the sonic boom runs. Descriptions relate to the boom traces (such as shown in fig. 9), radar ground tracks of aircraft position (such as those shown in fig. 5), aircraft operating parameters from the onboard data system (such as those shown on fig. 6), and the atmospheric data (such as those shown in fig.8).

Sonic Boom Signatures

Earlier in this report it was noted that the oscillograph traces of the measured sonic boom signatures were recorded with a system having a flat frequency response of 0.01 Hz to 5 KHz; thus, in order to maintain the same fidelity for the electronic files, a digitizing equivalence of about 10 KHz is required. Since the hard copies of the original oscillograph signature traces were already established and optical scanners have an upper limit on scanning rate and also length, a manipulation of the hard copy traces was required. In addition, since some of the oscillograph copy signature traces were quite light in contrast to the background, some "hand- drawn" enhancement of the signatures was done at the time of the original memorandum preparation, especially regarding the shock front where the galvanometer is required to respond to the rapid change in pressure. These relatively few "smoothing" exercises were found to have little effect on the electronic reproduction, particularly on the shock rise times, because of the manner in which the optical scanning was accomplished.

Record preparation. - The overall length of the XB-70 sonic boom signature traces provided in the copies of the oscillograph records varied from about 2.0 inches to about 5.0 inches and represented time durations of from about 200 ms to 350 ms, depending upon the aircraft flight altitude and Mach number. An optical scanner having a scanning rate of 300 readings per inch over a 10 inch length was used; thus, for an original record length of about 4.06 inches, representing a time duration of the boom signature of 0.296 seconds (see fig. 13), a digitizing rate of about 4115 Hz is available. This, of course, is less than half the 10,000 Hz rate required to maintain the 5 KHz frequency response. In order to approach the desired 10 KHz digitizing rate, the oscillograph trace was enlarged by a factor of slightly greater than 2.0, as shown in figure 13, to about 8.90 inches in length. Thus, scanning the expanded signature of duration 0.296 seconds at 300 readings per inch results in a digitizing rate of about 9020 Hz. The combination of variations in total length of the original signatures and scanner limits did not permit reproduction of all the traces to the 5 KHz upper limit, rather their upper frequency falls between 4 KHz and 5 KHz.

Optical scanner. - The nature of operation of the optical scanner can be discussed with the aid of figure 14 which presents, once again, the expanded sonic boom signature of figure 13. Since the scanner is set to read downward while moving from left to right, the signature of figure 14 had to be "cleaned up." The ambient pressure line and time tick marks, beyond the point at which the pressure trace goes negative, must be removed; so, also, must any blemish on the record that will block the scanners view of the sonic boom signature trace. It was mentioned earlier that some of the oscillograph signature traces had "drop outs" or were "enhanced" by hand to provide a more defined trace, especially at shock fronts. The "gaps" in the signatures (for example on the expansion portion of the signature following the bow shock) are filled in prior to scanning. Since the scanner reads vertically downward, the few "enhanced hand drawn" shock fronts will not be read as having negative rise time. A comparison of the original sonic boom signature of figure 13 to the digitized version is shown in figure 15. It can be seen that the scanning/digitizing process provides a very good reproduction of the original boom trace. A comparison of all eight (8) original signatures acquired on the XB-70 #1, Flight #7 (DJM File #1), with those reproduced by the scanning and digitizing process, is given in figure 16. The digitized signatures compare very well with copies of the original traces.

Signature Spectra

Since all of the original hard copies of sonic boom signatures have been digitized, it is now possible to obtain a noise spectrum for each also to be placed on the electronic files. In figure 17 is presented a spectrum of the digitized sonic boom signature from microphone #1 of XB-70 #2, Flight #21 (DJM File #16). Also shown in the lower left corner of the figure is a copy of the boom waveform.

In order to provide a baseline for comparison, the spectrum of an ideal N-wave having the same overpressure and period as the signature given in figure 17 has been plotted in figure 18. Also shown in the lower left corner of the figure is a sketch of the N-wave that was analyzed. The information on the N-wave spectrum is also provided on the electronic files.

The majority of the sonic boom signatures were scanned from a point beginning with the onset of the bow shock and were terminated after the pressure trace returned to the ambient level following the tail shock recompression. In a few cases, however, scanning was terminated prior to the time that the boom pressure trace returned to ambient pressure. In so doing, a "step" was introduced into the digitizing process and this "step" cutoff would appear as a "shock" in the spectrum analysis and might result in the enhancement of high frequencies. The effect of this abrupt termination of the pressure time history is illustrated in figure 19. In the upper left portion of the figure is presented the digitized signature for microphone #6 of XB-70 #1, Flight #40 (DJM File #33). Note that the signature has been terminated about 50 ms after passage of the tail shock (overpressure is about 10% of the maximum bow shock level) and is indicated by the vertical "dotted" line. The spectrum associated with this signature is given in the upper right portion of the figure. For comparison purposes, this same digitized signature shown in the lower left portion of the figure, is allowed to recover to ambient pressure in a more gradual fashion (noted by the sloping "dotted" line) as would be expected in the actual case. The corresponding spectrum is given in the lower right portion of the figure. To assist in the comparison, a reference line is provided on each of the two spectrum plots. As expected, the abrupt termination results in a very slight increase in spectrum level at frequencies beyond 500 Hz.

Aircraft Ground Tracks

The radar ground track information of the type shown in figure 5 was also scanned and digitized for all the XB-70 sonic boom runs for inclusion in the electronic files. Preparation of the copies of the ground tracks from the original memoranda for scanning purposes were conducted in a manner similar to that used for preparing the boom signatures for reading. Scanning was accomplished at a scale equal to the 2-second timing marks along the complete ground track. The horizontal and vertical scales, along with the other information contained on the hard copy, were added to complete the digitizing. A comparison of the original aircraft ground track information for the XB-70 #1, Flight #7 (DJM File #1) with that produced using the scanning/digitizing method is given in figure 20.

Aircraft Onboard Operational Data

Aircraft operation parameters of the type shown in figure 6, including altitude, Mach number, angle of attack and normal acceleration, have also been scanned and digitized for all XB-70 boom runs and are included on the electronic files. Once again, the original hard copy plots were prepared for scanning and digitizing. For these operating parameters, the maximum scanning rate of 300 readings per second was used for the entire trace, however, the data are plotted at 4-second intervals. A comparison of the original onboard aircraft operating conditions for XB-70 #1, Flight #7 (DJM File #1), with those produced using the scanning/digitizing method are given in figure 21. Note that the digitized traces are not as smooth as the original ones because of the 4-second plotting rate.

Test Site Weather

During the 1965-1966 sonic boom test period, upper air atmospheric information was provided for each test run in the form of a temperature and wind profile. In order to enhance this sonic boom data base in terms of additional weather data, NOAA archival rawinsonde data and surface and climatological data were acquired and these latter data, along with the initial profile data, are included on the electronic file.

<u>Upper air temperature and wind profiles</u>. - The upper air temperature and wind profiles shown in figure 8 were also scanned and digitized for all XB-70 runs. Following the preparation and cleanup of these data plots, a maximum scanning rate of 300 readings per inch was utilized. A comparison of the original temperature and wind profiles associated with XB-70 #1, Flight #7 (DJM File #1), with those produced using the scanning/digitizing method, is given in figure 22. It should be noted the Fahrenheit temperature scale was used on about 40 percent of the original data and the Celsius temperature scale for the remaining 60 percent. The Celsius scale is listed in the current electronic file. Thus, one may note a very slight difference in the two temperature profiles given in figure 22.

Archival upper air data. - The 1200-hours and 2400-hour rawinsonde data acquired from NOAA was in hard copy tabular format with listings of atmospheric pressure, temperature, relative humidity, and wind velocity and direction at about every 50 mb feet of altitude. Each of these atmospheric parameters are hand-entered onto the electronic file in tabular format.

Archival surface-climatological data. - NOAA provides these data in hard copy format for each test site at one-hour intervals throughout the day. The data for the hour closest to the estimated boom times are hand-entered into the electronic files.

DATA FILE FORMAT

There are two types of data file format that documents the results of the sonic boom tests which were accomplished during the March 1965 through May 1966 time period using the XB-70: (1) a hard copy version (the present report), and (2) an electronic file copy which may be requested through the NASA Langley Research Center. The hard copy version, which is the present report, is intended to provide tables listing all the sonic boom signature parameter descriptors for all the flights, and also to describe the XB-70 sonic boom data base and how it has been adapted to an electronic file. Thus, it does not contain complete listings of aircraft ground tracks and operating conditions nor does it provide the atmospheric data. The electronic file, on the other hand, contains all of the sonic boom signature parameters/descriptors including the digitized signatures and the spectrum of each signature, aircraft tracking and operating conditions, and all of the atmospheric data. Pertinent discussions on each are given below.

Hard Copy Listings

The pertinent information summarizing the 39 XB-70 sonic boom flights of March 1965 through May 1966 are contained in the master data spreadsheet given in Table IV. Included in the table is a grouping of information for each flight (which is identified by a designated DJM file number) regarding the XB-70 test aircraft, chase aircraft, measurement sites, microphone arrangements, and type sonic boom signature (near-field or far-field). Table IV is intended as a central location of key information contained in Table II: the radar ground tracks, onboard operating conditions, measurement sites, and microphone arrays. This information, in combination with the listings in Table III which provides a summary of XB-70 sonic boom signature characteristics and corresponding aircraft operating conditions, should provide a fairly complete picture of this sonic boom data base, in particular, to users of the electronic data base. The format and listings in Table III are similar to the XB-70 data from Phases I and II of the National Sonic Boom Program conducted at Edwards AFB during the June 1966 through January 1967 time period and reported in references 6 and 7.

Electronic File

The XB-70 electronic database disk guide for the sonic boom flights of March 1965 through May 1966 are given in Table V. Each of the diskettes are organized by a DJM file number and the first listings shown in the table describes the information found on each set of file disks. Following this initial listing is a breakdown of the file names used and a description of the file formats. Included in the latter listing is an indication of approximate number of lines in each of the files (as many as about 2000 to 4000 lines for the signatures to as few as 20 to 30 lines for one onboard aircraft parameter). Note also that the electronic files contain the digitized sonic boom signature, signature spectra, and singnature characteristics corresponding to the B-58, F-4, and T-38 aircraft that were involved as chase aircraft on 10 of the 43 XB-70 sonic boom passes.

CONCLUDING REMARKS

This paper provides a summary of measured sonic boom signature data derived from 39 supersonic flights (43 sonic boom passes) of the XB-70 airplane over a Mach number range of about 1.11 to 2.92 and an altitude range of from 30,500 feet to 70,300 feet. These tables represent a convenient hard copy version of available electronic files which include over 300 digitized sonic boom signatures with their corresponding spectra. Also included on the electronic file is information regarding ground track position aircraft operating conditions and surface and upper air weather observations for each of the 43 sonic boom passes.

In addition to the sonic boom signature data, this paper also provides a description of the XB-70 data base that has been placed on electronic file along with a description of the method used to scan and digitize the analog/oscillograph sonic boom signature time histories. Such information is intended to enhance the value and utilization of the electronic files.

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TABLE I - SUMMARY OF ALL XB-70 FLIGHTS

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denotes sonic boom measurements (39 flights - 43 sonic boom passes) - current task
 denotes sonic boom measurements (12 flights - 19 sonic boom passes) - on existing NASA LaRC electronic files

TABLE II - XB-70 SONIC BOOM LOG

(for flights of March 4, 1965 through May 27, 1966)

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Boom		66000	41000	42000	41000	40000	68500	69300	96000	66000	70300	70300	51000	51000	44000	44000	36400	36400	52000	53000	32000	32000	64000	64000	44300	39800	
Hoom Mach		2.02	75	1.82	1.17	1.17	2.66	2.66	2.74	2.74	2.84	2.84	1.80	1.80	1.56	1.56	1.36	1.36	1.55	2.26	1.11	1,18	200	200	1.30	1 24	
Boom		1018	1140	1140	1532	1532	1030	1030	1015	1015	1210	1210	1053	1053	1137	1137	1152	1152	1138	1646	1140	1140	1255	1255	1019	1240	1
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A/C#- Flt #		2-18	9 6	a stati	1-37	stati	2-24	1 stati	2-25	1 stat1	2-26	i stati	1-40	d stati	2-29	stati	1 1 1 1	stati	1-42	1-45	2-35	d stati		Atati	2-38	2-42	1
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DJM File			7 00		59		30						33		34				35	36	37					9	
Land		787.K	285K	3008	310K	305K	295K	300K	295K	295K	298K	300K	295K	295K	300K	300K	295K	297K	300K	300K	ŀ	295K	;	300K	300K	295K	295K·
Boom		337K	3108	423K	357K	381K	387K	456K	440K	438K	423K	433K	313K	317K	357K	348K	325K	328K	317K	329K	436K	371K	454K	321K	321K	317K	369K
Boom		20200	00099	32000	42300	46000	42500	33800	33000	31000	34000	41000	50000	50500	41500	41500	53000	60000	54000	65500	30500	38000	37000	70000	70000	69800	44300
Book		1. 0.00	2.60	1.23	1.38	1.40	1.42	1.50	1.35	1.42	1.51	1.76	1.40	1.80	1.87	1.61	1.82	2.31	1.79	2.48	1.55	1.25	1.50	2.90	2.85	2.91	1.80
Boom		1213	0800	0732	0740	1330	1159	1225	1220	1243	1332	9860	1027	1255	1105	1338	1010	1030	1040	1030	1315	1400	0918	1028	1427	1020	0220
Fit.		1:37	1:44	1:43	1:27	1:58	2:04	1:57	2:04	1:40	1:55	1:47	1:43	1:54	2:04	2:02	1:59	2:02	1:59	1:55	2:18		2:03		1:49	1:52	1:35
170 170	, ,																										
170		1018	0650	0707	0400	1220	1115	1200	1147	1213	1310	9060	0912	1126	1019	1233	080	0902	0915	9060	1230	(2nd	0858	(2nd	1307	0801	0702
A/C#-		7-1	1-14	1-15	2-2	2-3	2-4	1-16	5-6	2-7	2-8	1-17	2-8	2 - 11	1-18	1-21	1 - 22	2=13	1-23	2-14	1-25		2-15		2-16	2 - 17	1-31
Date		3-4-65	7-1-65	7-27-65	8-10-65	8-18-65	8-20-65	9-22-62	9-28-62	10-5-65	10-11-65	10-14-65	10-16-65	11-2-65	11-4-65	11-18-65	11-30-65	12-1-65	12-2-65	12-3-65	12-10-65		12-11-65		12-21-65	1-3-66	1-11-66
J. Hot		C	N 60) 4	ın	9	-	80	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21		22		23	24	25

Total number of sonic boom flights = 39

Total number of sonic boom passes = 43

TABLE III - SUMMARY OF XB-70 SONIC BOOM SIGNATURE CHARACTERISTICS AND CORRESPONDING AIRCRAFT OPERATING CONDITIONS.

	REMARKS																																				
	•	ĵa.			~	Ţ		~					_	_	Щ		щ				Ĺ				ĺ±,		Ĺų				Ĺ				[4		
	SU SIG	*	0 PR	z	4 PR	*	8 NR				о 60	7 PP	3 PP	1 PP	*	9 ط	*	6 NR	4 NR			z	X	3 NR	٠	z	٠	3	2 N	4 NR	*	NN O	1 NR	Z Z		z e	3 NR
į	sec	:	0.0010	0.0009	0.0014		0.0018	0.0027					0.0033	0.0031	:	0.0029	:	0.0006	0.0004					0.0013	:	0.0006	:	0.0003	0.0002	0.0004	*	0.0030			*	0.0003	0.0003
	sec.	;	0.0017	0.0010	0.0020	*	0.0033	0.0039	0.0026	0.0061	0.0044	0.0021	0.0045	0.0085	*	0.0035	*	0.0019	0.0017	0.0039	*	0.0015	0.0010	0.0024	*	0.0020	*	0.0003	0.0031	0.0042	*	0.0075	0.0044	0.0026	*	0.0004	0.0006
,	sec.	:	0.0057	0.0044	0.0073	*	0.0083	0.0191	0.0059	0.0077	0.0064	0.0100	0.0091	0.0119	:	0.0043	* *	0.0066	0.0068	0.0092	:	0.0038	0.0049	0.0070	:	0.0586	:	0.0515	0.0555	0.0628	:	0.0655	0.0604	0.0045	:	0.0025	0.0351
	lb-sec/ sq ft	*	0.0886	0.1005	0.1029	*	0.1356	0.0718	0.1061	0.1942	0.2031	0.1566	0.2120	0.1994	*	0.2023	:	0.1442	0.1516	0.1409	:	0.0942	0.1329	0.1336	•	0.2723	*	0.2480	0.2332	0.1942	*	0.2154	0.2077	0.1769	;		0.1769
E E		:	0.2546	.253	0.2565	*		0.2574					517	0.2534	*	0.2508	;	0.2704	0.2704	0.2721	*	.2660	.2653	99	*	0.2334	:	0.2218	.230	0.2279	:	0.2310	0.2296	0.2503	*	0.2509	
4		*	0.1368	0.1377	0.1402	:						0.1370	0.1397	0.1363	*	7.0	*	0.1656	0.1682	0.1567	*	0.1517	0.1600	0.1526	*	9 8	:	0.1390	.1483	41	:		.1510	51	*		0.1443 (
90,50	lb/ ft sq	0.92	. 60	.75	.71	0.80	2.10	. 20	. 79	. 55	3.70	3.05	4.15	4.25	2.13	3.48	.25			1.69	0.88	1.25							2.75		1.10	7			0.95	.18	2.00 (
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,) !	7	7	m	4	S	9	7	œ	-	7	ო	4	ι.	φ	7	œ	-1	7	ო	4	'n	9	7	œ	-	7	е	4	Ŋ	9	7	œ	2	9	7	œ
+ C	offset n. mi.	3.56 R								0								0.5 L				6.1 R				0.99 L								5.0 L			
Boom	Time (local)	1114								1213								0800								0732							1	0740			
Hdq.	, F	204							;	254								296							,	017								171			
A/C wt.	@ boom (1bs.)	337000								350000								310000								423000							1	357000			
Mach		1.83															•	5.6								1.23							,	1.38			
Alt.	ft msl	50500							000	48000							4	00099							000	32000							0	42300			
Date		3-4-65							4	4-70-63							•	7-1-65							אין רכיינ	C9-17-1								6-11-8			
A/C#-	F1t.#	1-7								07-7							•	1-14							-	61-1							c	7-7			
₩ MCQ		-							c	7					17	7	r	w)							*	r							u	n			

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		[24				[sa				4		~		Įz,				[±4	٥.	٥.		[24	ռ	۰.		(L)	Δ,	Д	0	0	00	00	00		00	
SIG.		ps; +	æ	_		*			2 X X					*																				*	C 89	*
TAU 50 sec	.02	0.0052	0.0043	0.0050	9		0.018		0.0022			0.0017	0.0106	*	0.0103	0.0114	0.0037	*		0	0			0.0006		*			0	0	0	0	0	*	0	*
TAU 75 sec.	0.0405	0.0090	0.0054	0.0069	0.0411	*	0.0210	0.0249	0.0024	*	0.0037	.002	0.0215	*	0.0459	0.0223	0.0043	*	0.0022	0.0005	-+	*	0.0016	.000	0.0033	*	0.0024	0.0014	0.0778	0.0201	.015	.067	0.0787	*	0.014	*
TAUMAX sec.	0.0527	0.0125	0.0143	0.0315	0.0762	:	0.0655	0.0664	0.0373	*	0.0144	0.0053	0.0612	*	0.0590	0.0641	0.0097	*	0.0065	0.0012	0.0068	:	0.0019	0.0011	0.0077	:	0.0068	0.0113	0.0972	0.0937	0.0966	0.0997	0.1210	*	0.0785	*
IMPULS ' 1b-sec/ sq ft	.0505		.1638	689	.1294	:	۲.	0.1409	۲,	* *	•	0.2340	0.3232	*	0.2737	0.2798	0.2508	*	0.2626	0.2877	0.2046	;	0.2229	.217	0.1986	*	0.1924	0.2038	0.0277	0.0291	0.0315	0.0351	•	*	0.0160	*
DLTA T			0 2414	. 240	0.2389	*	0.2418	•	0.1966	*	0.1949	0.1961	0.2671	*	\sim	0.2477	0.2199	:	0.2105	0.2082	0.2084	:	0.2060		0.2034	:	0.2031	•	۳.	•	•	•	~	*	0.3407	:
DLTA t 1 sec.	.2593		1384	1390	0.1629		0.1660	7.	0.1245	*	0.1267	0.1245	0.1926	*	0.1832	0.1880	0.1460	:	0.1259	.131	0.1272	*	0.1306	0.1338	0.1256	*	0.1208	0.1217	0.1534	0.1883	0.2168	0.2174	0.2280	*	0.1256	*
OVPR I lb/ ft sq	.32		ى. تىرى	80	. 33		.42	1.27	2.81	1.58	3.05	3.28	2.59	1 24	2.41	2.44	. 0	۳.	3.90	4.27	2.65	1.50	3.90	4.10	3.14	1.60	3.13	3.5	00.00	3.1	0.30	0.32	0.26	000	0.22	0.20
Mic	7	٠	7 7	ე 41	י נר	ve) r	00	r.	9	7	α	, v	, u) L	- α	, ıc	y ve	, ,	- 00	, vo	9	_	ω	S	· vc) L	- α	· -		٦ ،	4		v	٦ ٦	- ω
Stat. Noffset	15.0 L	2.5 L			.1	,			1.56 R				0 66 1.				74	•			0.08 L				2.14 L				1 00 0							
Boom Time (local)	1330	1159							1225				1220	1660			6 8 0 1	0.4.7			1332	1			9800	,			7	7 7 0 1						
Hdg.	184	151							007				ć	100			0	ى ئ ئ			ď				0	0			6	000						
A/C wt. @ boom (1bs.)	381000	387000							456000				•	434400			0	43/900			400000	775			00000	433000			0	313000						
Mach	1.4	1.42								•				1.35				1.42			-	10.1				7.10			,	F . 4						
Alt. ft msl	46000	42500							00000	00000				33000			•	31000			6	34000				41000				20000						
Date	8-18-65	8-20-65							0	C0-77-6			!	9-29-65				10-5-65			•	10-11-65			,	10-14-65				10-16-65						
A/C#- Flt.#	2-3	2-4								1-10				2-6				2-7				2-8				1-17				5-9						
₩CQ	Q	,	-						1	∞				6		1	8	10				11				12				13						

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SIG.		d d		g S S			È	ΝĐ	Š	*	-	*	N N	NR	X.	NR	X R	*	N.	*				ΝÞ		*		*	z		PP	NR	N.R.	+	ΝP	*
TAU 50 sec	0.0047	0.0004	*	0.0023	0.0006	0.0017	0.0020	0.0030	0.0073	*	0.0026	*	0.0046	0.0018	0.0027	0.0021	0.0043	*	0.0026	*	0.0004	0.0011	0.0001	0.0013	0.0008	*	0.0018	*	0.0013	0.0011	0.0007	0.0008	0.0001	*		*
TAU 75 sec.	0.0048	0.0018	*	0.0041	0.0006	0.0047	0.0027	0.0036	0.0100	*	0.0031	*	0.0053	0.0024	0.0028	0.0036	0.0048	*	0.0041	*	0.0005	0.0012	0.0002	0.0033	0.0028	:	0.0024	*	0.0018	0.0034	0.0022	0.0020	0.0009	*	0.0035	*
TAUMAX sec.	•	0.0022		0.0153	0.0012	0.0277	0.0291	0.0292	0.0336	:	0.0281	*	•	0.0078		0.0062	0.0106	*	9900.0	:	•	0.0077	•	0.0064	0.0094	:	0.0064	;	0.0056	0.0085	•	0.0127	0.0135	*	0.0063	*
IMPULS 1b-sec/ sq ft	.149	0.1249	*	0.0831	0.1898	0.1848	0.1887	0.2025	0.2082	*	0.1844	*	0.0979	0.0921	0.0973	0.0951	0.0943	*	0.0866	*	0.1409	0.1662	0.1866	0.1801	0.1335	:	0.1246	*	0.1351	0.1412	0.1361	0.1453	0.1269	*	0.1187	*
DLTA T sec.	0.2419	0.2384	*	0.2400	0.2257	0.2230	0.2248	0.2277	0.2377	:	0.2271	* *	.2413			0.2308	0.2388	*	0.2463	*	0.2800				0.2521	* *	0.2831	*	0.2768	0.2807	0.2774	0.2774	0.2817	*	0.2810	*
DLTA t	.1530	74	•		1262	.1279	.1234	.1338	0.1384	:	09	*		0.1439				*	0.1400	:		0.1683			562	*	90	*	0.1561					*	0.1517	*
OVPR I lb/ ft sq		6 0		1.00						1.84		1.13		1.20 (0.63		0.53				2.25 (06.0	1.75 (88.	.87			.72	0.87		œ
Mic	ကမေး	2	6	- α	·	7	m	47	'n	9	7	00		7	m	4	ς	9	7	œ		7	m	4	Ŋ	Q	7	80	-	7	m	4	ß	9	7	œ
Stat. offset n. mi.	5.68 R	5.35 R			2.14 R								10.4 L								4.86 R								5.93 R							
Boom Time (local)	1255	1105			1338								1010					•			1030								1040							
Hdg.	289	274			322								276								289								254							
A/C wt. @ boom (1bs.)	317000	347800			357300								325500								328000								317200							
Mach	.8	1.87			19.1								1.82								2.31								1.79							
Alt. ft msl	50500	41500			41500								53000								00009								54000							
Date	11-2-65	11-4-65			11-18-65								11-30-65								12-1-65								12-2-65							
A/C#- Flt.#	2-11	1-18			1-21								1-22								2-13								1-23							
♦ MCa	14	15			16								17	19	9						18								19							

REMARKS																																							
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SIG	CAT	X X	Š	PR	z	z		d d	*	•	•		æ	PR							ΝĎ	X X						ጥ		•	Z	*					*		NR
TAU 50	Sec	0.0016	0.0001	0.0002	0.0024	0.0030	*	0.0010	*	0.0005	:	0.0014	.002	0.0038	*	0.0022	0.0340	0.0021	*	0.0037	0.0061	0.0015	*	0.0003	0.0012	0.0073	0.0067	0.0086	0.0079	*	0.0020	*	0.0050	0.0018	0.0007	0.0027		0.0058	
TAU 75	8 0 0	0.0036	0.0010	0.0011	0.0038	0.0044	*	0.0015	:	0.0005	*	0.0019	0.0064	0.0038	*	0.0038	0.0403	0.0031	*	0.0059	0.0070	0.0018	*	0.0010	0.0015	0.0077	0.0080	•	0.0079	*	0.0030	*	0.0083	0.0048	0.0045	0.0057	*	0.0083	0.0072
TAUMAX	sec.	0.0068	0.0146	0.0146	0.000.0	0.0101	*	0.0107	:	0.0019	:	0.0257	0.0330	0.0594	:	0.0604	0.0626	0.0042	*	0.0101	0.0105	0.0097	*	0.0048	0.0059	•	0.0108	0.0110	0.0084	*	0.0075	:	0.0285	•	0.0062	0.0228	*	0.0291	0.0194
STOCKI	_	0.1674	0.1772	0.1700	0.1856	0.1535	*	0.1510	:	0.2658	*	0.2526	0.2669	0.2893	*	0.2486	0.2572	0.1011	*	0.1421	٦.	0.2382	*	0.2343	0.2618	0.1565	0.1624	0.1704	0.1428	*	0.1017	*	0.1450	0.1411	0.1631	0.1534	*	0.1433	0.1341
T ATIO	· .	_	_	_	0.3140		*	0.3177	*	0.2094	*	0.2113	0.2102	0.2660	*	w	0.2648	^	*	0.2997	0.3039	0.2252	*	0.2243	0.2271	0.3204	0.3150	0.3194	0.3191	*	0.2964	*	0.2062	0.2039	0.2071	0.2050	*	0.2067	0.2075
# #E10	,		0.1708	0.1701		_	*	0.1680	:	0.1428	*	0.1306	0.1404	0.1571	*	0.1392	0.1549	.1695	*	0.1735	.178	0.1347	;	0.1347	0.1418	0.1901	0.1984	0.1988	0.1843	*	0.1620	*	0.1378	0.1242	0.1308	0.1357	*	0.1392	0.1248
9670	יש	1.94	16.	1.90	66.	. 65	0	1.80	1.04	3.15	1.63	3.58	3.19	3.18	0.97	3.01	2.81		α,	1.75	1.84	3.00	1.55	3.07	2.95	2.31	2.39	2.40	2.22	0.65	1.26	0.70	2.03	2.01	2.20	2.06	0.95	2.00	1.97
, ,,	1	-	7	m	4	ď	, vc	· -	- 00	ıν	9	7	œ	Ŋ	9	7	00	F	7	m	4	'n	9	٢	œ	٦	2	m	4	9	٢	œ	1	7	m	S	9	7	œ
	offset n. mi.	0.06 R								2.32 R			·	9.48 L				1.40 L				5.23 R				1.61 L				7.11 R			6.83 R						
i e	Time (local)	1030								1315				1400				0918				1028	1			1427				1020			0750						
1	.T.	276								332) } }			163				003)			298))			276				306	• •		266						
	A/C wt. @ boom (1bs.)	329500								436329)			371229	1			453645)			320625	9			321484	; ;			317331	1		369179						
:	Mach	2.48)							ر بر	•			1 25	•			ر بر				0	:			2,92	l 3 1			2,91	•		2	•					
•	Alt. ft msl	65500)							20500				00086				0000				0000				70000)))			00869			44900	•					
	Date	12-3-65	3							77.10.45	C0-01-21							10 11 65	C0-11-71							12-21-65	10 43 74			1-3-66	00-0-1		1-11-66	20 11 1					
	A/C#- Flt.#	2-14	7								C 7 - T							•	CT-7							2-16	7			7.1.7	7 - 7		1-31	10-1					
	₩ DQ	ć) 1							7	17								շ 20							Ċ	67			ć	* 7		, c	7					

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SIG	CAT		z		z		z	٠		Z		æ		SP	SP	æ	•	SPR	•	*	ጸ	K		PR		N.	NP		*	NR		*	<u>а</u>			<u>م</u>	*	9 PR		0 PP	*		8 NR
TAU 50	8 O		0.0021	0.0004	0.0014	0.0016	0.0014	*	•	0.0010	*	0.0059	0.0122	٠	0.0082	0.0057	*	0.0121	*	*	0.0045					0.0030	0.0024	0.0091	*	0.0021	0.0037	:	0.0387	0.0357		0.0040	*	.004	.003	.003	*	0.003	0.005
TAU 75	sec.		0.0034	0.0007	0.0023	0.0031	0.0028	*		0.0018	*	0.0095	0.0129	•	0.0131	0.0109	:	0.0125	:	:	0.0084	0.0052	0.0063	0.0023	*	0.0037	0.0056	0.0180	*	0.0072	0.0051	*	0.0527	.082	049	0.0231	*	.007	0.0037	900.	*	0.0043	.025
TAUMAX	sec.		0.0073	0.0064	0.0079	0.0091	0.0071			0.0061	:	0.0176	.014	0.0140	0.0147	0.0179	:	0.0152	*	*	0.0121	0.0333	0.0128	0.0257	:	0.0162	0.0159	0.0326	*	0.0165	.028	:	0.0971	0.0954	0.0927	0.0444	*	0.0488	0.0397	0.0485	*	0.0430	0.0465
STORMI	_		.1665	.1863		.1950	1601			0.1635	*	0.1402	0.1256	0.1288	0.1451	0.1287		0.1196	*	*	0.2516	0.2351	0.2509	0.2481	*	0.2536	•	0.2776	:	0.2574	0.2531	*	0.4096	0.4104	0.3890	0.2693	*	0.2731	0.2807		*	.25	0.3131
T 4T.10			0.3257		.3224	.3238	, ,	1 1		0.3262	*	٦.	854		942	982		0.1962	*	:	0.2569	.2571		~		0.2433	0.2420	0.2611	*	0.2392	0.2443	*	0.2974	0.2962		$^{\sim}$	*	0.2665	69	•	*	.266	0.2683
T + 4T.10	,		.1868	.1756		1785	1760	2		0.1748	:	.1303	0.1229	.1213	.1278	.1283	*	0.1337	*	*	0.1574	.1601	1556	466		0.1430		156	*	0.1407	0.1491	*	0.2081	•	0.2051	٦.	*	0.1587	٦.	.158	*	0.1522	0.1649
advo	t	he at	92	10	14	14		1 (6	80	0.95	9	10	30	85	65	08.0	15	85	1.55	3.50	06	35	3.25		3.50	4.10	3.50	1.72	3.95	3.25	1.75	3.98	3.86	3.71	3.35	1,39	3.25	3.14	2.94	4.	ω,	3.57
, X) !		1	7	m	4		, ,	۵	-	œ	-	7	m	4	'n	vo	7	- 00		ι (1	۰, ۳	, 4	· vr) vo		· oc	on	10	11	12	-	7	m	4	2	9	7	œ	6	10	11	12
t .	offset	. m . ::	2.06 R									7.74 R								3.412 I.	1			42								1.18 L				1.84 R							
E C C		(Tecal)	1018									1153								1140	•			1140	0 - 1 - 1							1532				1532							
7	L _o		285									277								295)			105	5							283											
بر د/ ه	e boom	(103.)	297352									373097								445500												343700											
, ,	i de		2.05									1.78								7.5				1 0 0	70.1							1.17	! •										
7	ft msl		00099									45100								41000))			0000	0007							41000				40000							
4	מרפ		1-12-66									1-15-66	: :							33-1-6	DD F D											3-7-6											
10,	A/C#- Flt.#		2-18	1								1-33	,							20 1	951											1-37											
•	₽		36	3								2.7	ì								ዩ 21											00											

₩CQ	A/C#- Flt.#	Date	Alt. ft msl	Mach	A/C wt. @ boom (lbs.)	Hdg.	Boom Time (local)	Stat. offset n. mi.	Mic	OVPR 1b/ ft sq	DLTA t sec.	DLTA T sec.	IMPULS lb-sec/ sq ft	TAUMAX sec.	TAU 75 sec.	TAU 50 sec	SIG.	REMARKS
30	2-24	3-15-66	68500	2.66	310000	291	1030	0.66 R	3 2	0.94 1.84 1.73	0.1690 0.1724	0.2902	0.1624 0.1572	0.0105 0.0205	0.0052	0.0021 0.0010	* % % %	(Sa)
			00869				1030	3.08 R	4 12 10 1	1.89 1.58 1.64	0.1647 0.1684 0.1684 0.1667	0.2901 0.2900 0.2895 0.2901	0.1355 0.1355 0.1367 0.1464	0.0059	0.0045 0.0039 0.0031	0.0018 0.0029 0.0012	K K K K K K K	
									8 6 0 1	1.87	0.1647 0.1686 0.1660	0.2920 0.2904 0.2877	0.1656 0.1567 0.1646	0.0101 0.0084 0.0229	0.0031 0.0040 0.0032	0.0023 0.0023 0.0018	NN NN *	<u>[sa</u>
				•		c c			175	26.0 4.00.0	: : :	* * *	: : :	; ;	* *	::	* *	, Eu, Eu,
31	2-25	3-17-66	00099	2.74	30800	282	5101	X 7 7	4 01 W	1.83	0.1650	0.2729	0.1536	0.0136	0.0006	0.0002	NR NR	
22							1015	7.41 R		1.74	0.1676	0.2755	0.1496 0.1269 0.1275	0.0115	0.0053	0.0022	N N N N N N	
2									0 / 00 /	1.65	0.1688	0.2843	0.1361	0.0208	0.0028 0.0016 **	0.0017	X X *	ĺω
32	2-26	3-19-66	70300	2.84	304500	297	1210	0.54 L	•	1.06	0.1801 0.1757	** 0.3008 0.3006	0.1665	0.0134	0.0041	0.0024	* N N N	Ĺц
							1210	1.58 R	4 20 00 L	1.75	0.1619	0.3064	0.1479	0.0088	0.0033	0.0027	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	
									~ ao on	1.91	0.1845	0.3009	0.1703	0.0181	0.0067	0.0040	NR NR	
									10	1.63	0.1777	0.3059	0.1692	0.0215	0.0021	0.0010	X *	Ĺų
									12	0.71	:	*	*	*	:	*	*	Ĺτι

REMARKS	يئر بدي توريد	նս նս ես ն	ու ն ու նու
SIG.	* X X X X Y X X X Y Y X X X X X X X X X	* O	• K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K
TAU 50 sec	0.0028 0.0026 0.0026 0.0016 0.00115 0.00013 0.00030 0.0027	0.0028 0.0061 0.0045 0.0072 0.0145 0.0138 0.0127 0.0127	0.0257 0.0218 0.0268 0.0130 0.0131 0.0131
TAU 75 sec.	** 0.00042 0.000338 0.00039 0.0004 0.00071 0.0006 0.0006	0.0054 0.0168 0.0091 0.0103 0.0209 0.0172 0.0177	0.0439 0.0448 0.0158 0.0175 0.0175 0.0230 0.0230
TAUMAX sec.	0.0016 0.0016 0.00073 0.02288 0.0048 0.0186 0.0186 0.0186 0.0186	0.0069 0.0274 0.0384 0.0167 0.0250 0.0264 0.0264 0.0223	0.0757 0.0757 0.0301 0.0301 0.0416 0.0416
IMPULS lb-sec/ sq ft	** 0.2100 0.2265 0.2266 0.1269 0.1629 0.1621 0.1275 0.1420	** 0.2351 0.2313 0.2070 0.1127 0.1034 0.1125	0.0948
DLTA T sec.	** 0.2424 0.2462 0.2462 0.2393 0.2349 0.2349 0.2349 0.2349	** 0.2259 0.2265 0.2265 0.2172 0.2215 0.2215 0.2201 0.2201 0.2138	0.2279 0.2279 0.2266 0.1512 0.2189 0.2346 0.2395 0.2395
DLTA t sec.	0.1423 0.1431 0.1440 0.1523 0.1503 0.1480 0.1506	** 0.133 0.1334 0.1317 0.1412 0.1412 0.1269 0.1269 0.1379	** 0.1662 0.1685 0.1511 0.1376 0.1471 0.1456 0.1569
OVPR 1b/ ft sq	2.20 2.90 3.15 2.85 2.05 2.05 2.10 2.15 2.10 2.10	3.10 3.10 3.25 2.65 1.97 1.95 1.95 1.96 1.90 1.82	1.50 1.65 1.65 1.30 1.35 1.35 1.35 1.35
Mic	110000000000000000000000000000000000000	1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	2 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
Stat. offset n. mi.	0.33 L 4.91 R	8 6. 4. R R	7.74 L 8.20 L
Boom Time (local)	1053	1137	1152
Hdg.	249	240	132
A/C wt. @ boom (lbs.)	319300	313800	303700
Mach		1.56	1.36
Alt. ft msl	51000	4 4 0 0 0	36400
Date	3-28-66	3-29-66	
A/C#- Flt.#	1-40	2-29	
₩ 00	e e	₹ 8	

REMARKS	նունունո	[a ₄		ئنا بدن لدن	, (kı,	Šte,
SIG.		* KKKKK	:	: CK + CH + +	8888.	38.888
TAU 50 sec	* * *	0.0055 0.0074 0.0066 0.0063	0.0036 0.0036 0.0036	0.0068	-1. -1.	
TAU 75 sec.	* * *	0.0075 0.0155 0.0219 0.0113	0.0167 0.0222 0.0008 0.0098 0.0041	0.0092	and are non-reproducibl	
TAUMAX sec.	* * *	0.0258 0.0486 0.0424 0.0231	0.0469 0.04831 0.0230 0.0312 0.0431	0.0254	re non-re	
IMPULS lb-sec/ sq ft	:::	0.2279 0.2374 0.2433 0.1894	0.2161 0.2269 0.2110 0.1741 0.1644	0.1323		
DLTA T sec.	:::	0.2842 0.2874 0.2880 0.2899	0.2885 0.2885 0.2889 0.2876 0.2577 0.2519	0.2527	at cutoff	
DLTA t sec.	:::	** 0.1518 0.1566 0.1574 0.1569	0.1534 0.1479 0.1573 0.1573 0.1555	0.1519	Signatures	
OVPR 1b/ ft sq	1.15	2.90 2.90 2.90 2.90	3.20 2.75 2.75 2.80 2.80 1.90 1.90	1.50 0.80 1.20 0.85	Siç	
Mic	1 2 8	40000	110 110 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120	8 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	C W 4 W 9	7 8 9 10 11 12
Stat. offset n. mi.	0.49 L		4.82 L	!	3.46 L 8.23 R	
Boom Time (local)	1138		1646		1140	
Hdg.	273		2 60		110	
A/C wt. @ boom (lbs.)	333900		337800		467500	
Mach	1.55		2.26		1.11	
Alt. ft msl	52000		53000		32000	
Date	4-5-66		4-21-66		4-23-66	
A/C#- Flt.#	1-42		1-45		2-35	
₩	35		36	24	37	

TABLE III - Concluded.

REMARKS																						
.2	Ĺų		_			Ĺ			[24						ГH	_						
	•	2 2	NP 9	24	æ	*	æ	ec G	•	α; 2	<u>م</u> ح	z	z	z	*	SP	æ	3 SP	SP		α. 	a a
TAU 50 sec	;	0.0082	0.0036	0.0065	0.0040	*	0.0080	0.0079	*	0.0112	0.0132	0.0025	0.0004	9000.0	*	0.0001	0.0026	0.0003	0.0006	0.0010	0.0038	0.0009
TAU 75 sec.	*	0.0164	0.0069	0.0178	0.0060	:	0.0088	0.0095	*	0.0138	0.0217	0.0193	0.0191	0.0168	*	0.0001	0.0080	0.0003	0.0010	0.0068	0.0077	0900.0
TAUMAX sec.	;	0.0312	0.0086	0.0267	0.0085	*	0.0419	0.0230	*	0.0419	0.0379	0.0353	0.0342	0.0353	:	0.0002	0.0190	0.0012	0.0016	0.0173	0.0187	0.0173
IMPULS lb-sec/ sq ft	*	0.1805	0.1796	0.1739	0.0773	*	0.0769	0.0674	:	0.0782	0.0808	0.1945	0.1877	0.2000	*	0.1227	0.1413	0.1464	0.1192	0.1470	0.1376	0.1512
DLTA T sec.	*	0.2861	0.2902	0.2846	0.2766	*	0.2891	0.2820	*	0.2617	0.2838	0.2950	0.2944	0.2937	*	0.2896	0.2898	0.2905	0.2809	0.2810	0.2834	0.2825
DLTA t sec.	;	0.1533	0.1460	0.1507	0.1561	:	0.1621	0.1562	*	0.1418	0.1631	0.1631	0.1656	0.1644	:	0.1563	0.1651	0.1594	0.1630	0.1573	0.1573	0.1556
OVPR 1b/ ft sq	1.10	2.45	2.85	2.55	1.12	0.55	96.0	0.88	0.10	1.19	0.97	2.31	2.12	2.25	1.23	2.57	1.66	3.07	2.53	1.79	1.84	2.02
M ic	7	7	m	4	'n	9	7	œ	თ	11	12	14	15	16	н	7	ო	4	'n	9	7	œ
Stat. offset n. mi.	BR 2.3 R				S6 11.6 L							0.66 R			4.35 L							
Boom Time (local)	1255				1255							1019			1240							
Hdg.	267											290			275							
Mach A/C wt. @ boom (lbs.)	362000											321000			310500							
Mach	2.2											1.3			1.24							
Alt. ft msl	64000											44300			39800							
Date											,	5-16-66			5-27-66							
A/C#- Flt.#	37 (cont.)										,	2-38			2-42							
₩ CQ	37 (!	38		,	66			25	5			

Free Air Microphone Ŀ Key:

TABLE IV - MASTER DATA SPREADSHEET

Sig. Type	[24 [24 [24 [24	ĮT.	Įs,	iri iri		Ν̈́	ĮTI ĮTI	N I	24 24	4	N		NF	E1	E I	L I	L I	ы ы	in the	4 E	ы [Σ4	L (Li	FF	le:	Ä	E4 E4	F	ĮT.	Z.	F	FF	NE	NF	NF	स	
Microphone Arrangement	6G/2F		6G/2F	3G/1F	3G/1F	6G/2F		3G/1F	!	46	3G/1F	3G/1F	3G/1F		3G/1F		3G/1F	:	3G/1F		36/11		66/2F	2G/1F	3G/1F		6G/2F			6G/2F	6G/2F	6G/2F	6G/2F	3G/1F	3G/1F	3G/1F	3G/1F	
No. Mics.	ω		00	4	4	00		4		4	4	4	4		4		4		 ₽	,	4	•	00	m	4		80			œ	ω	00	8	4	4	4	4	
Boom Time local	1114		1213	080		0732		0740		1330	1159		1225		1220		1243		1332		0936		1027	1255	1105		1338			1010	1030	1040	1030	1215	1400	8160	1028	
Stat. Offset n. mi.	3.56 R		0	0.5 L	-			2.0 L		15.0 L	7.0 L	2.5 L	1.56 R		0.66 L		0.74 R		0.08 L		2.14 L			5.68 R			2.14 R			10.4 L	4.86 R				7 26.2			
Meas. Sites	μα		83	TS	83	υ		es,		LS	23	LS	U		U		U		ပ		υ		rs	LS	83		83			\$3	83	83	i v)	ی ر	, (s3	
Time behind XB-70 sec.	1 	1					0.56		64					1		0.7		3.6		1.3		1.4				0.58		3.2	00									
Chase A/C Type		1 1 1 1 1	•				B-58		B-58					B-58		B-58		B-58		B-58		B-58				B-58		B-58	T-38									
A/C Wt. @ Boom (lbs.)	337000		350000	000018	0000	423000	2	357000		381000	387000		456000		439900		437900		422900		433000		313000	317000	347800		357300			325500	328000	317200	320500	265500	436329	3/1/29	320625	, , , ,
Hdg.	204		25.4	100	7	710	1	171		184	151		007	•	001		359		800		010		307	289	274		322	1		276	986		#C2	0/7	332	163	298)
Ma ch	1.83		•	0 4	0.7	60 1	7.1	1.38		1.4	1.42	:	1.5	:	1.35		1.42	:	1.51		1.76		1.4	1.8	1.87		1.61	•		1 82	2 33	100	7.1	7.48	1.55	1.25	1.5	,
Alt. ft msl	50500		0	48000	00000	0000	32000	42300		46000	42500	2	33800		33000)))	31000))	34000		41000		50000	50500	41500)	41500	9		53000	0000		04000	00669	30500	38000	37000	>
ର 💠 ଷ ପ	1			- .		•	⊣	-		-	٠,	4	-	•	-	•	-	•	н			1	-	-		•		•		-	4 -	٦,	→ .	-	7	63	-	
A/C#- Flt.#	1-7			1-10	1-14	•	1-15	2-2)	2-3	0 7	r 7	1-16	0 7 - 7	2-6) 1	7-6		2-8		1-17		9-6		1 1 1	4	1-21	17_1			77-1	2-13	1-23	Ţ	1-25		2-15	
Date	3-4-65		•	4-20-65	7-1-65		7-27-65	8-10-65	2	64-01-0	CD 07-0	6-07-8	,	69-77-6	9-20-65	0016716	10.5.65	00101	10-11-65		10-14-65	CO F1 - OT	10-16-65	11-2-65	59-8-11		37.01.11	00-81-11			11-30-63	C9-T-7T	12-2-65	12-3-65	12-10-65		12-11-65	
₩DQ				7	m		4	Ľ	ר	4	ο τ	,	C	xo	ć	'n	,	0.7	1.1	•	13	71		0 4		13		9 1			/ T	8.	19	20	21		22	

TABLE IV - Concluded.

₩CQ	Date	A/C#- Flt.#	Pass **	Alt. ft msl	Mach	Hdg.	A/C Wt.	Chase A/C	Time behind	Meas. Sites	Stat. Offset	Boom Time	No. Mics.	Microphone Arrangement	Sig. Type
1 1 1 1	 						(lbs.)	Type	XB-70 sec.		n. mi.	local			•
23	12-21-65	2-16	1	70000	2.92	276	321484	# 1		8.5	1.61 1.	1427	4	30,15	(s
24	1-3-66	2-17	-	00869	2.91	306	317331			83		1020	, (J	16/2F	. (L.
25	1-11-66	1-31	1	44900	1.8	566	369179					0750	7	6G/1F	, (e,
56	1-12-66	2-18	-	00099	2.05	285	297352			83		1018	00	6G/2F	FF
27	1-15-66	1-33		45100	1.78	277	373097			83	7.74 R	1153	œ	6G/2F	[44 [44
7.8	3-4-66	1-36	-	41000	1.75	295	445500			BR		1140	4	3G/1F	[24 [24
Ċ		•	•	42000	1.82	301				83		1140	œ	6G/2F	F
67	3-1-00	1-3/	→	41000	1.17	283	343700			BR		1532	4	3G/1F	NF
2	3-15-66	2-24	-	40000	ć	Č	6			83		1532	œ	6G/2F	ΝĖ
2	00	F 7 7	4	0000	7.00	767	310000			BR		1030	4	3G/1F	FF
73	3-17-66	2-25	-	00000	r r	-				83		1030	œ	6G/2F	FF
•	2	7	-	2000	ħ/ · 7	2 6 7	308000			. B.	5.43 R	1015	4	3G/1F	E4
32	3-19-66	2-26	-	70300	2 84	700	004600			S3	7.41 R	1015	ഗ	4G/1F	F
1	2	1	•	9	F 0 · 7	/67	204200			B		1210	4	3G/1F	FF
33	3-28-66	1-40	Н	51000	00	249	319300			က်		1210	σo •	6G/2F	FF
		:	ı)) 1) •	617	000610			B C		1053	7 * ·	3G/1F	Įri Įri
3.4	3-29-66	2-29	-	44000	זה	240	00000			מ מ		1053	œ ·	6G/2F	(L)
•		ì	4)) !		0 % 7	313800			BR	1.98 R	1137	47"	3G/1F	F)
			c	00496	•	,	•			83		1137	œ	6G/2F	FF FF
			1	00.000	4.30	132	303/00			BR	7.74 L	1152	4,	3G/1F	H H
3.5	4-5-66	1 . 4 . 5		000		e c				83		1152	ω	6G/2F	E E
7 7	4-21-66	36-1	→	00075	T. 0	213	333900			BR		1138	12	8G/4F	FF
הי	4-23-66	1.4	٠,	22000	2.26	760	337800			BR		1646	ထ	6G/2F	FF
ò	4-23-60	66-3	4	32000	1.11	760	467500			BR	3.46 L	1140	4	3G/1F	NF
			c	0	1.18	110	,			83	23	1140	00	6G/2F	NF
			7	0.40 0.00	7.7	7.97	362000			BR	٣.	1255	4	3G/1 F	NF
0	22 21 3	ć	٠			;				83	1.6	1255	7	5G/2F	NF
0 0	0010110	2 - 38	٠.	44300		290	321000			BR	0.66 R	1019	m	36	NF
3.5	5-27-66	2-42	→ !	39800	1.24	275	310500			BR	4.35 L	1240	8	7G/1F	NF
ž	Key: B	Beat	Beatty, Nevada -	rada - 4,950	50 ft. (above	bove sea	level)	 	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1]	
	BR			1	2,400 ft.										
	υ			levada - 4	4,800 ft.										
	LS		ø	- EAFB, California	ornia	- 2,300 ft.	ft.								
	83	Site 3	ŧ	EAFB, Califor	nia -	2,700 ft.									
	(In	Free	Air Mi	Free Air Microphone											
	ď	Gro	Ground Microphone	ondan.											
) [E		S Plair	Far-Field Stanature											
	42		20101	New Total Cianture											
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TABLE V - XB-70 ELECTRONIC DATABASE DISK GUIDE FOR SONIC BOOM FLIGHTS OF MARCH 1965 THROUGH MAY 1966.

XB-70 ELECTRONIC DATABASE DISK GUIDE:

(flights 3/65 - 5/66)

(* EEI - July 31, 1991 - TNK/VES/DJM *)

The XB-70 electronic database diskettes are organized by DJM report number (Domenic Maglieri). The table below describes the information found on each set of report disks.

Following the table, is a breakdown of the filenames used and a description of the file formats.

XB-7(DAT!	XB-70 DATA SUMMARY TABLE	ARY T.	ABLE					NO.	NO.					
₽ MC Q	XB70	DUM# XB10 ATMO	N _O	TRK I-38	H	,	F-4	B-58	SITES	PASSES	SITE#1/MIC#	SITE#2/MIC#	NOTES	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
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;			٧	•					-	-	S3 / 1-4				

file naming conventions #2
file naming conventions #3

23

NOTES											/ 5-12(2) * See special file samine constitute as	see spectar tite naming conventions #4		* Spo enonial file namine continue to	see special tite naming conventions #4	
SITE#2/MIC#					\$3 / 5-12	53 / 5-12	53 / 5-12	53 / 5-8.12	53 / 5-12	S3 / 5-12	\$3 / 5-12(2)			53 / 5-12	1	
NO. NO. SITES PASSES SITE#1/MIC#	S3 / 6-8	S3 / 1-3.5-8	53 / 1-8	53 / 1-8	BR / 1-4						BR / 1-4(2)	BR / 1-12	BR / 5-12	BR / 1-4	BR / 14-16	BR / 1-8
NO. PASSES	1	-	٦,	7		7	-	7	-	-	7	-	н	7	-	7
NO. SITES			-	1	2	7	2	2	7	7	7	-	H	7	-	1
F-4 B-58	 															
TRK T-38			1	1	7	2	2	2	7	7	4	1	1	2	7	7
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#W00	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39

TITLE DESCRIPTIONS:

		ttack Normal Acceleration	11011010101000000000000000000000000000							
Domenic Maglieri Numbering Systm Number of XB70 signatures	Number of on atmospheric graphs (Temperature, Wind Velocity)	Number of on board time histories (Mach, Altitude, Angle of Attack Norms) accolorations	Number of tracking charts (1 per site or pass)	Number of T-38 signatures	Number of F-4 signatures	Number of B-58 signatures	Number of Microphone Sites	Number of Aircraft Passes	Location of Site #1	Location of Site #2
DJM# XB70	ATMO	N _O	TRK	T-38	F-4	B-58	SITE	PASS	SITE 1	SITE 2

LEGEND

					(multiple passes)
Beatty, Nevada	Boron, California	Coaldale, Nevada	Lakesite - EAFB, California	Site 3 - EAFB, California	Depicts two sets of signatures for each microphone (multiple passes)
д	BR	U	LS	83	(2)

r######.xy(r### = report number and pass number, m## = microphone number) temp#*.xy(Altitude (feet) vs. Temperature (degrees celsius)) alon##.xy(Altitude (feet) vs. Wind Velocity (feet/sec.)) perp##.xy (Altitude (feet) vs. Wind Velocity (feet/sec.)) Time Histories (Atmospheric Weather Data and On Board Data): Time Histories (Atmospheric Weather Data and On Board Data): r012m01.xy - report 1, pass 2, microphone 1 (r** = report number , m** = microphone) (r## = report number , m## = microphone) r01m01.xy - report 1, microphone 1 (1) Reports with 1 Microphone Site and 1 Pass: (Normal Acceleration, 9) Same as signature but with .spc extension attk###.xy(Angle of Attack, degrees) attk##.xy(Angle of Attack, degrees) (Altitude, feet) (Altitude, feet) (Mach Number) (Mach Number) Note: (## = report number) Note: (## = report number) (2) Reports with 2 Passes: FILE NAMING CONVENTIONS: r0lm01.spc Tracking Data: Signatures: Signatures: Spectrum: Spectrum: mach###.xy altd###.xy r##m##.spc r##trj.gnd examble: mach##.xy norm##.xy altd##.xy r++m++.xy examble: example:

(Normal Acceleration, g)

```
r###m##.xy( r### = report number and pass number, m## = microphone number )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Time Histories (Atmospheric Weather Data and On Board Data):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              ( Altitude (feet) vs. Wind Velocity (feet/sec.) )
                                                           ( Altitude (feet) vs. Wind Velocity (feet/sec.) )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                temp###.xy( Altitude (feet) vs. Temperature (degrees celsius) )
temp###.xy( Altitude (feet) vs. Temperature (degrees celsius) )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   alon###.xy( Altitude (feet) vs. Wind Velocity (feet/sec.) )
                             alon###.xy( Altitude (feet) vs. Wind Velocity (feet/sec.) )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          r012m01.xy - report 1, site 2, microphone 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Note: ( ### = report number and site number )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   Note: ( ### = report number and site number )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    Note: ( ### = report number and pass number )
                                                                                                                             Note: ( ### = report number and pass number )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     (Normal Acceleration, g)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 (4) Reports with 2 Sites and 2 Passes:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            attk###.xy( Angle of Attack, degrees )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              ( Altitude, feet )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              ( Mach Number )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                (3) Reports with 2 Sites:
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            No change in format.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   Tracking Data:
                                                                                                                                                                                                Tracking Data:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      Signatures:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     Signatures:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                Spectrum:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 r###trj.gnd
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           r###trj.gnd
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            altd###.xy
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                norm###.xy
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            perp###.xy
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   mach###.xy
                                                                  perp###.xy
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      example:
```

```
Time Histories (Atmospheric Weather Data and On Board Data):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                ( Altitude (feet) vs. Wind Velocity (feet/sec.) )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                temp###.xy( Altitude (feet) vs. Temperature (degrees celsius) )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               alon##.xy( Altitude (feet) vs. Wind Velocity (feet/sec.) )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  time (sec), east of site (feet), north of site (feet)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           On Board Temperature Data: (example temp01.xy)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Note: ( ### = report number and site number )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          Note: ( ### = report number and pass number )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         Anywhere from 2000-4000 lines long
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           Tracking Files: (example: r18trj.gnd)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            ( Normal Acceleration, g )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                Signature files: (example: r0lm01.xy)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Spectrum files: (example: r01m01.spc)
                        Same as signature but with .spc extension
                                                                                                                                               attk###.xy( Angle of Attack, degrees )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      Time (seconds), Overpressure (lb/ft2)
                                                                                                                                                                                                             ( Altitude, feet )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      1st Line origin of boom in seconds
                                                                                                                                                                                ( Mach Number )
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        Around 20-40 lines long,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       Frequency (Hz), SPL (dB)
F11.2, F11.4
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        Around 1700 lines long
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             F14.0, F14.0, F14.0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            Tracking Data:
Spectrum:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           FILE FORMATS:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         F14.6, F14.6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        r***trj.gnd
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     perp###.xy
                                                                                                                                                                                                           altd###.xy
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            norm###.xy
                                                                                                                                                                                     mach###.xy
```

Around 500 lines long

TABLE V - Concluded.

Temperate (celsius), Altitude (feet)

```
On Board Wind Velocity Perpendicular to Flight Path: (example perp01.xy)
                                                           On Board Wind Velocity Along Flight Path: (example alon01.xy)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       On Board Normal Acceleration Data: (example: norm01.xy)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           On Board Angle of Attack Data: (example: attk01.xy)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            Origin of Boom in seconds (maybe two - report pending)
Time (seconds), Altitude (feet)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           On Board Altitude Data: (example: altd01.xy)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         On Board Mach Data: (example: mach01.xy)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Time (seconds), Angle of Attack (degrees)
                                                                                                                    Around 500 lines long
Wind Velocity (ft/sec), Altitude (feet)
F14.6, F14.6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   Wind Velocity (ft/sec), Altitude (feet)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    Time (seconds), Altitude (feet)
F14.6, F14.6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            Time (seconds), Normal Acceleration (g)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Time (seconds), Mach (#)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      Around 500 lines long
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                remaining 20-30 lines
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               F14.6, F14.6
F14.6, F14.6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                Around 20-30 lines
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Around 20-30 lines
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Around 20-30 lines
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      1st Line of file
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              F14.6, F14.6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              F14.6, F14.6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           F14.6, F14.6
```

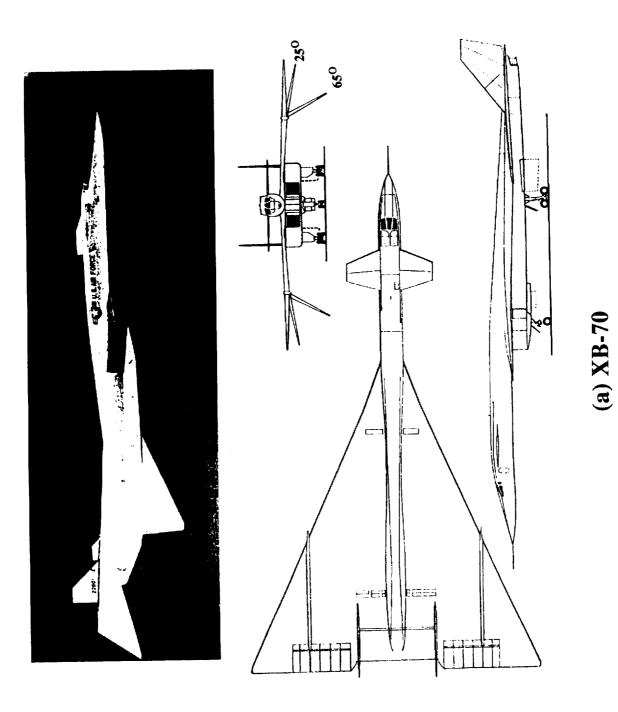


Figure 1.- Photographs and three-view sketches of sonic boom test aircraft.

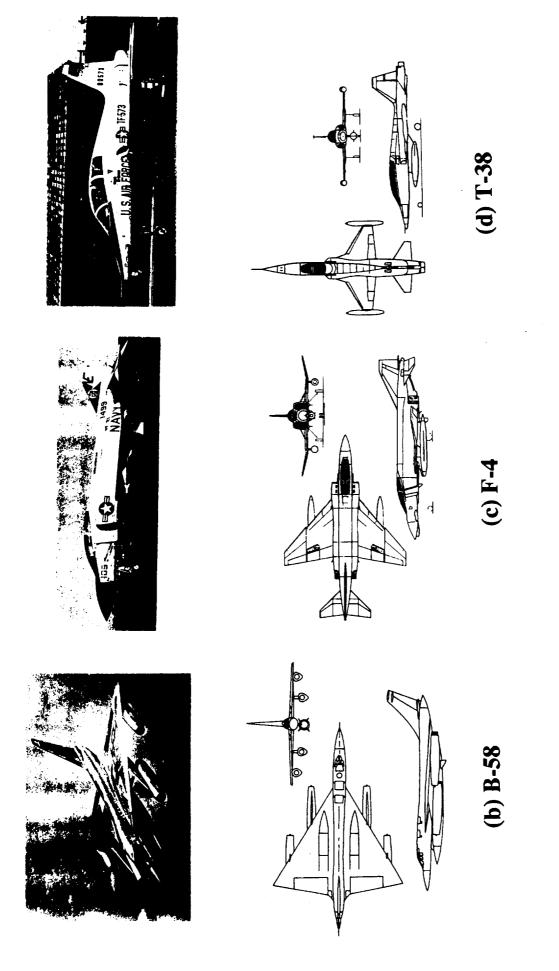


Figure 1.- Concluded.

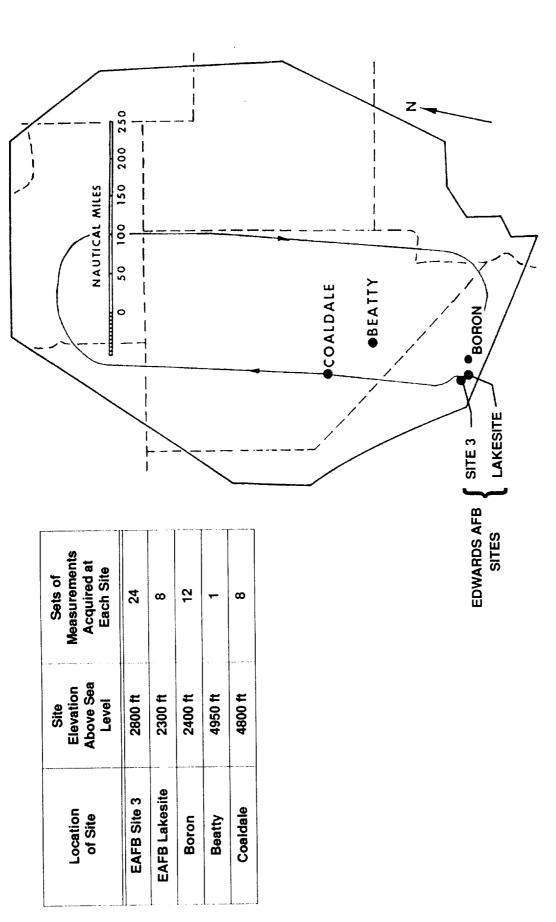


Figure 2.- Typical XB-70 flight plan and sonic boom measurement locations.

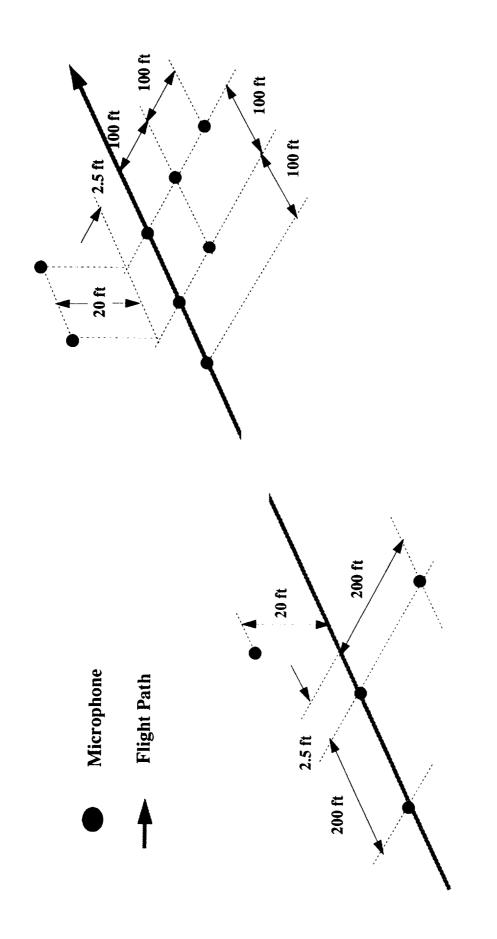


Figure 3.- Typical sonic boom measurement station layouts.

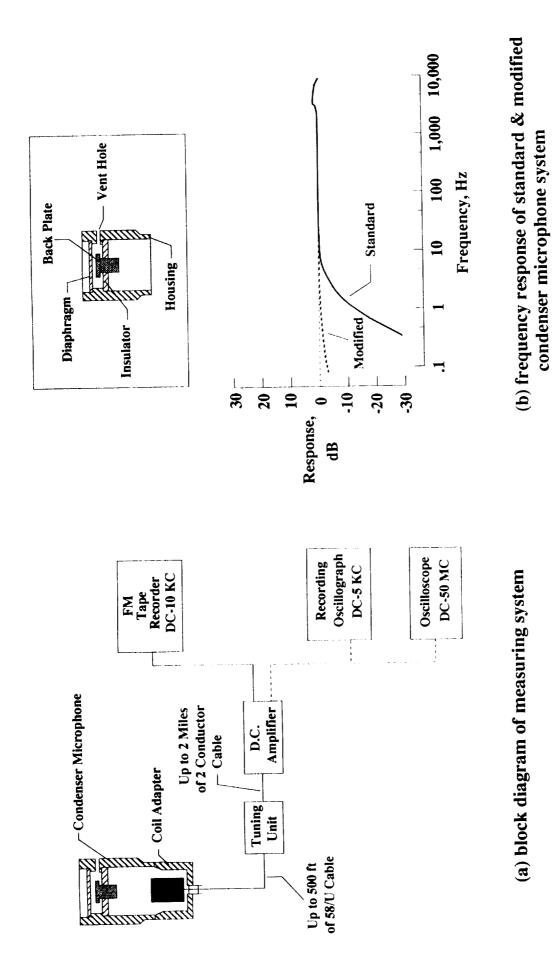


Figure 4.- Sonic boom measurement instrumentation.

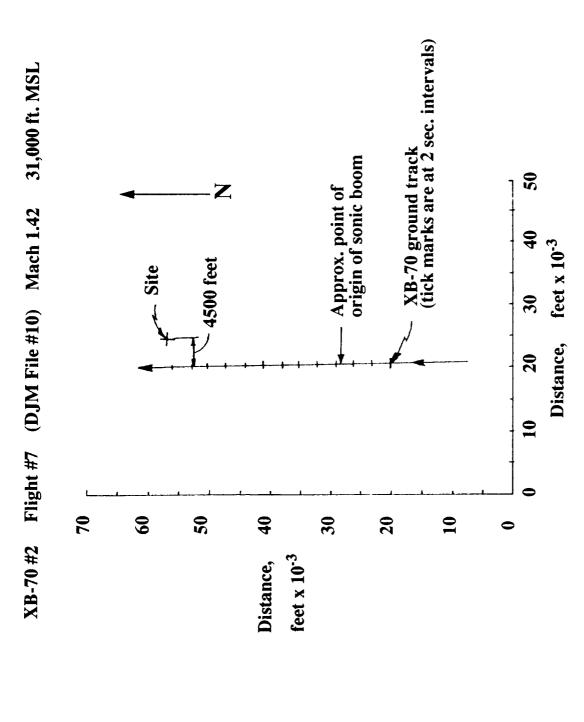


Figure 5.- Typical radar ground track information.

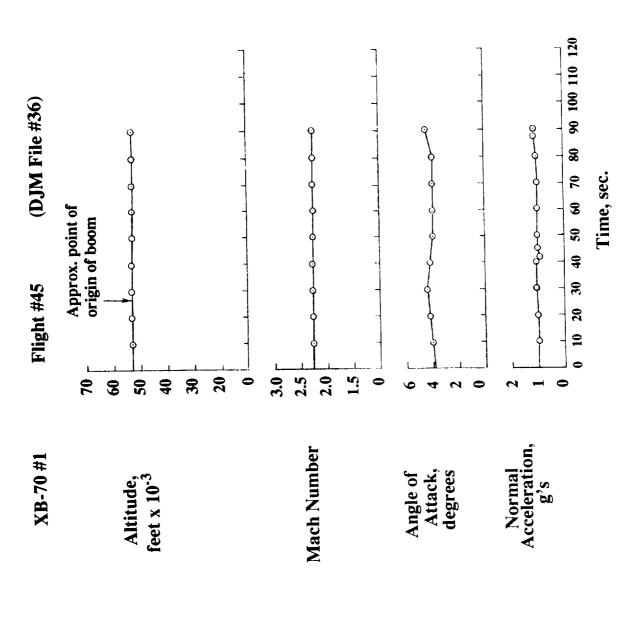
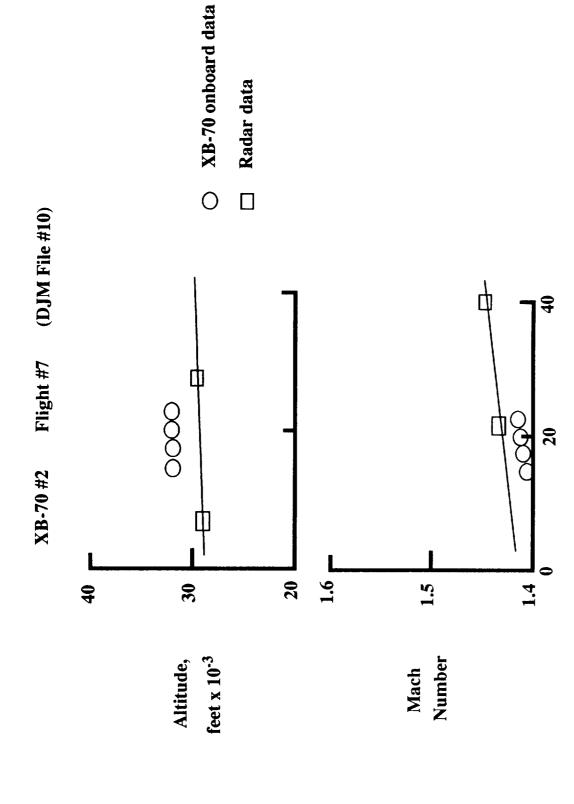
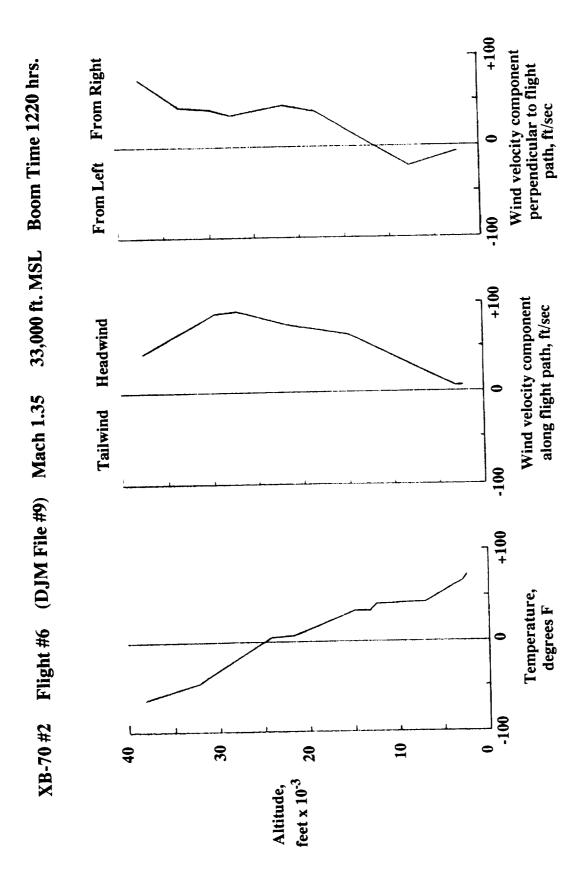


Figure 6.- XB-70 onboard operational flight data.



obtained from onboard flight systems and ground based radar. Comparison of aircraft Mach number and altitude results Figure 7.-

Time, sec.



Sample of upper air weather information developed from Rawinsonde data during test time period. Figure 8.-

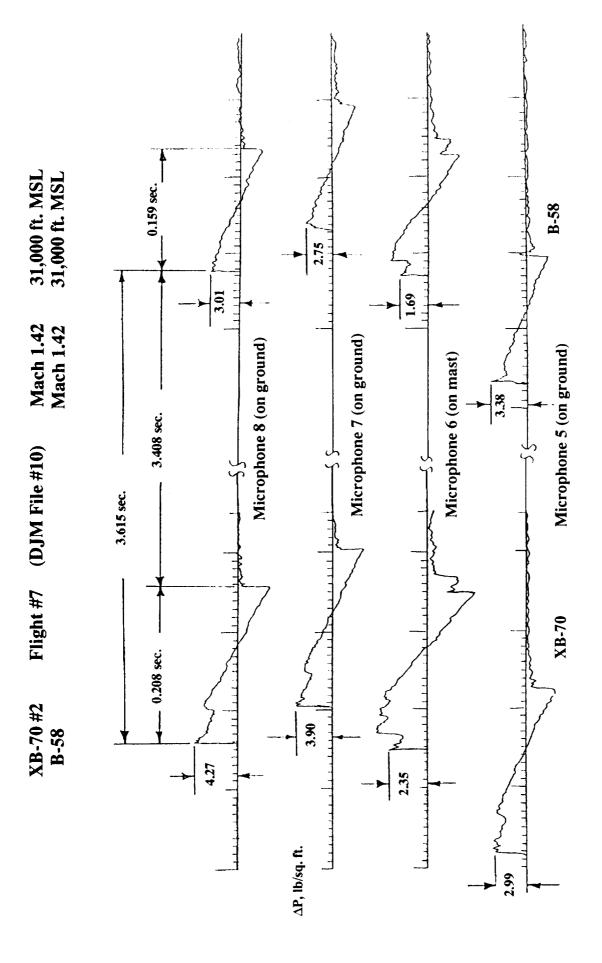


Figure 9. Samples of measured sonic boom signatures.

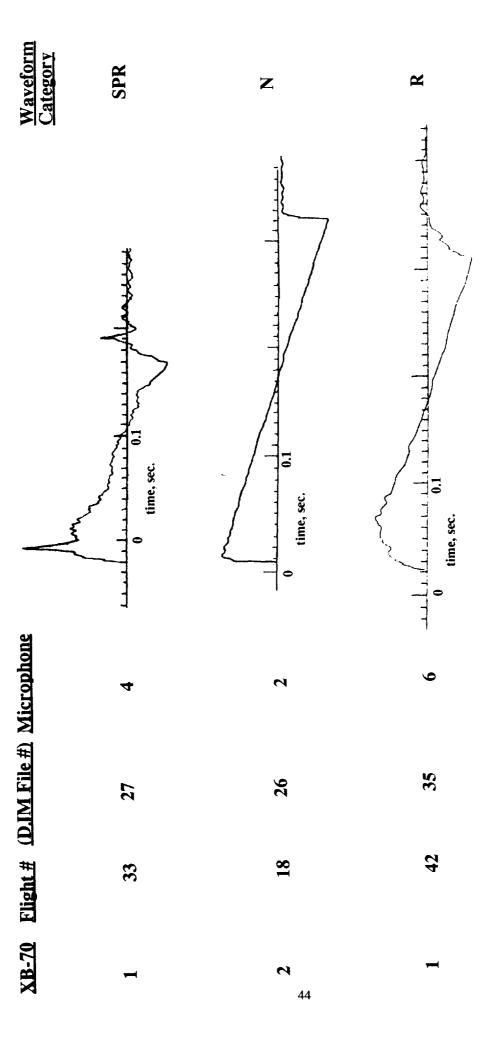


Figure 10.- Examples of measured XB-70 sonic boom signature variability.

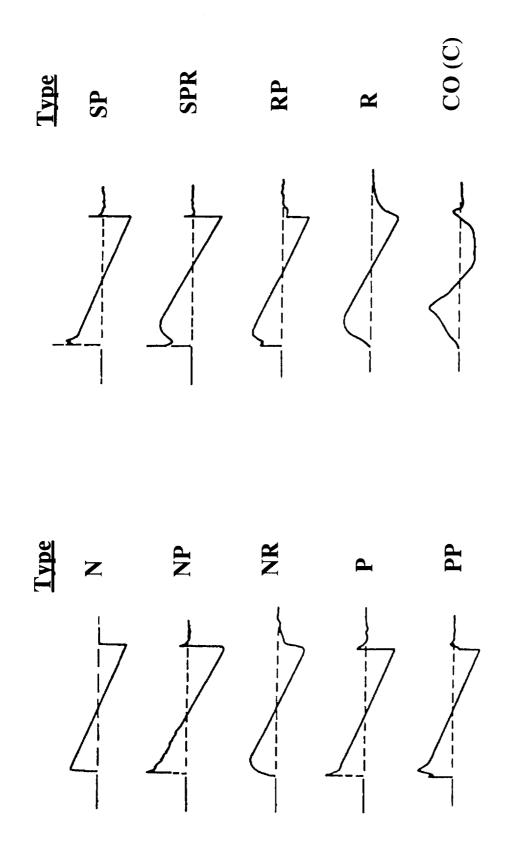


Figure 11.- Sonic boom waveform categories.

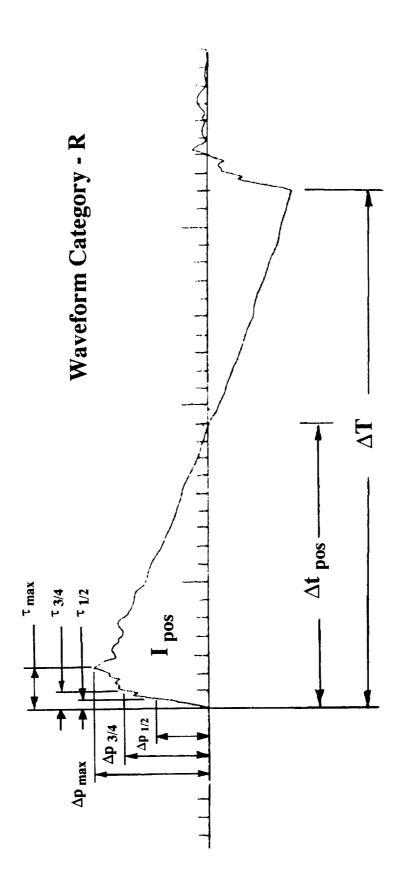


Figure 12.- Sonic boom signature descriptors.

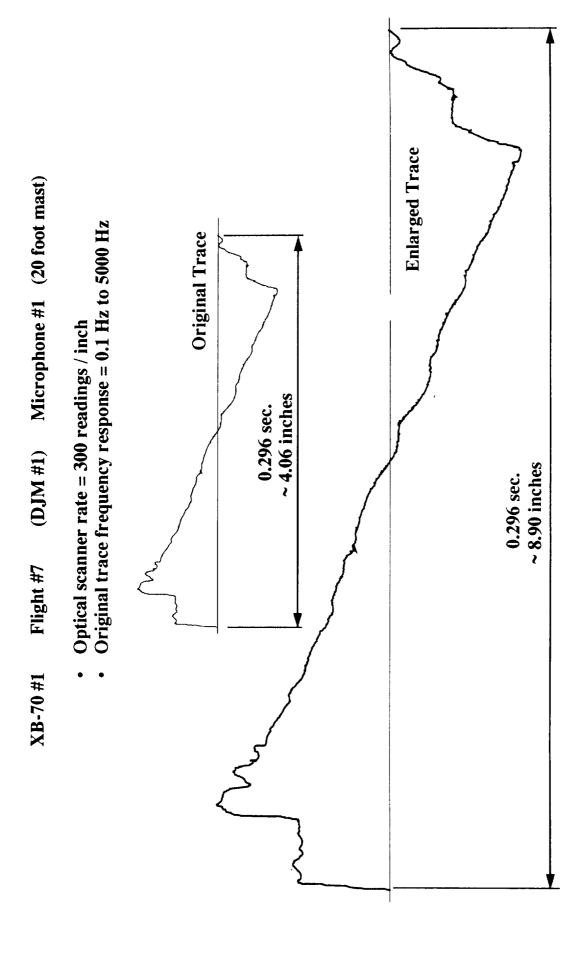
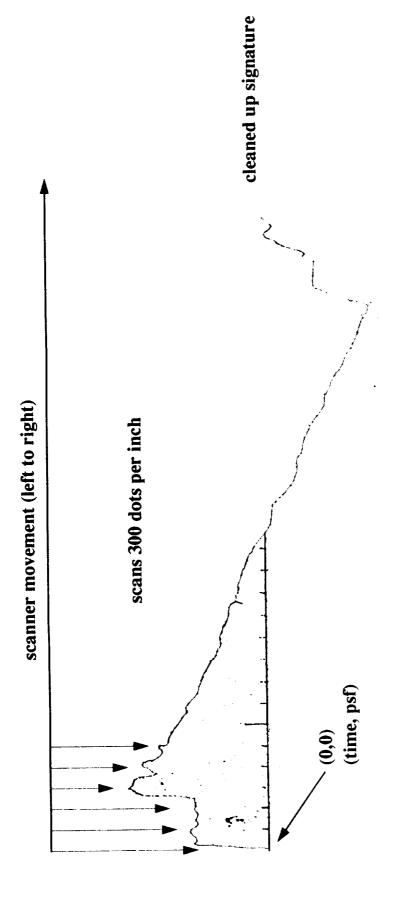


Figure 13.- Methods of preparing sonic boom traces for optical scanning and digitizing.



· Gaps in signatures are filled prior to scanning the signature.

As a result of the method of scanning, hand drawn shock fronts will not be read as having negative rise times.

Figure 14.- Nature of optical scanner operation.

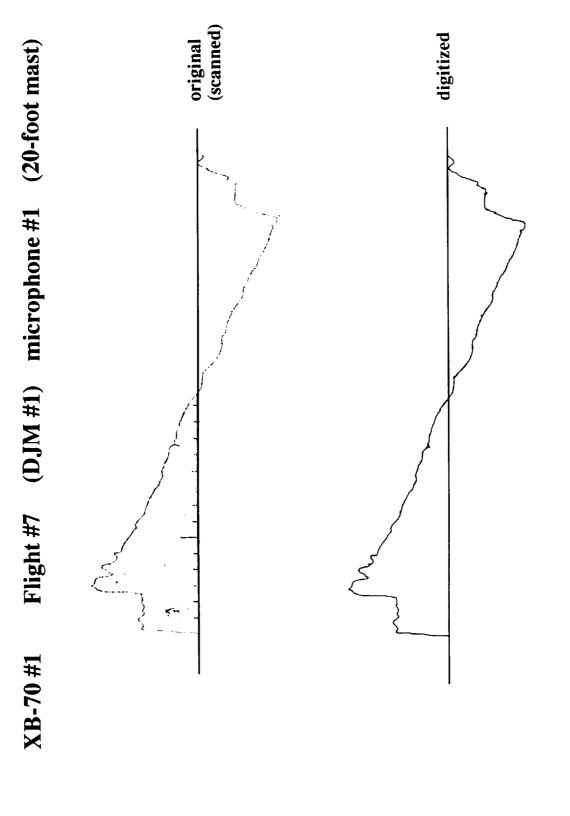


Figure 15.- Comparison of original and digitized sonic boom signature.

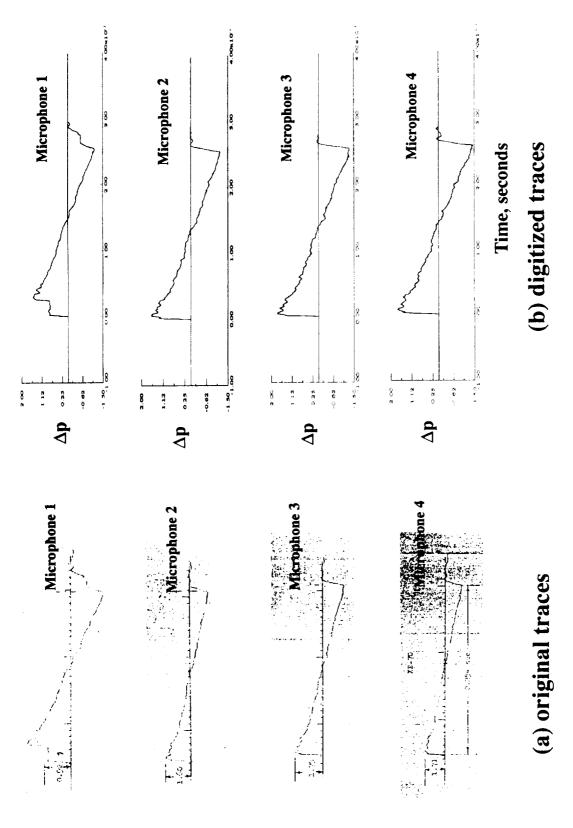


Figure 16.- Comparison of original sonic boom signatures from XB-70 #1 Flight #7 (DJM #1) with those produced using scanning and digitizing method.

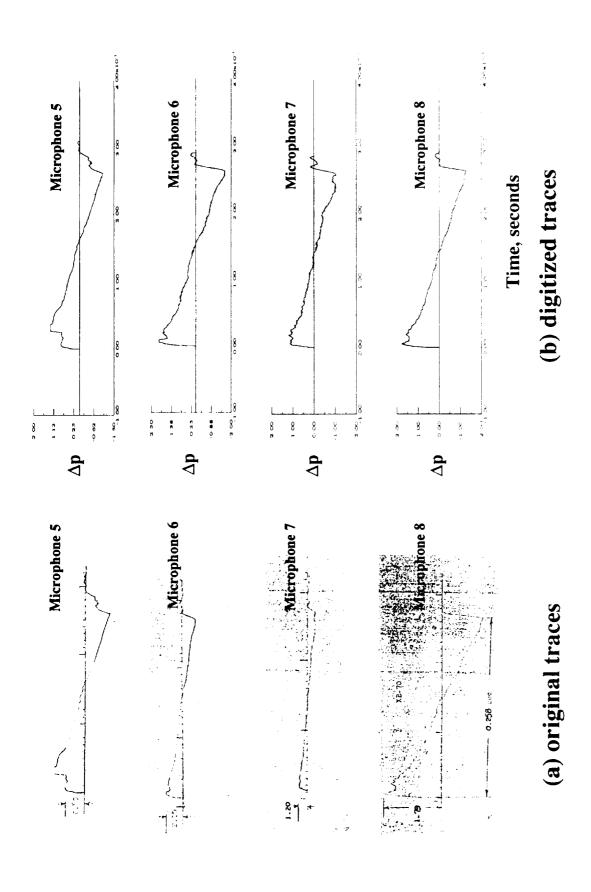


Figure 16.- Concluded.

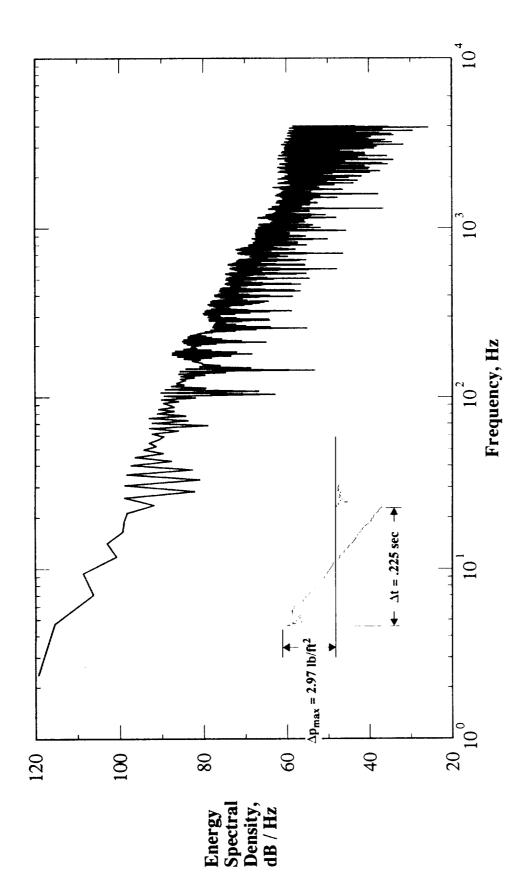


Figure 17.- Spectrum of digitized sonic boom signature. XB-70 #1 Flight #21 (DJM #16) microphone #1.

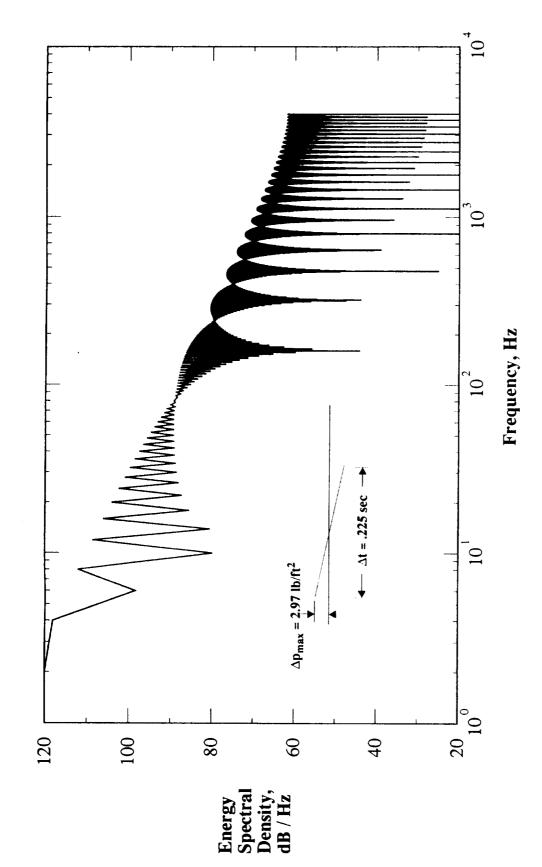
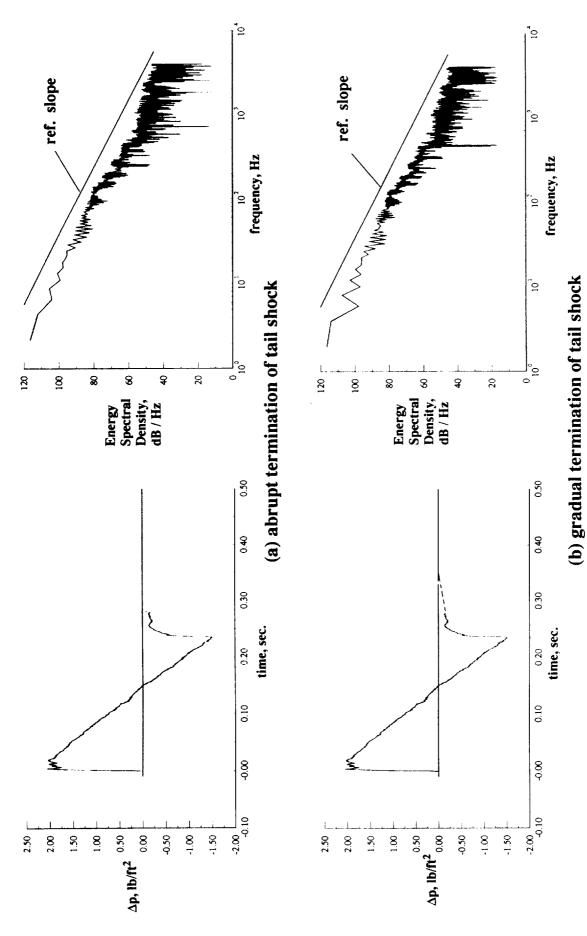
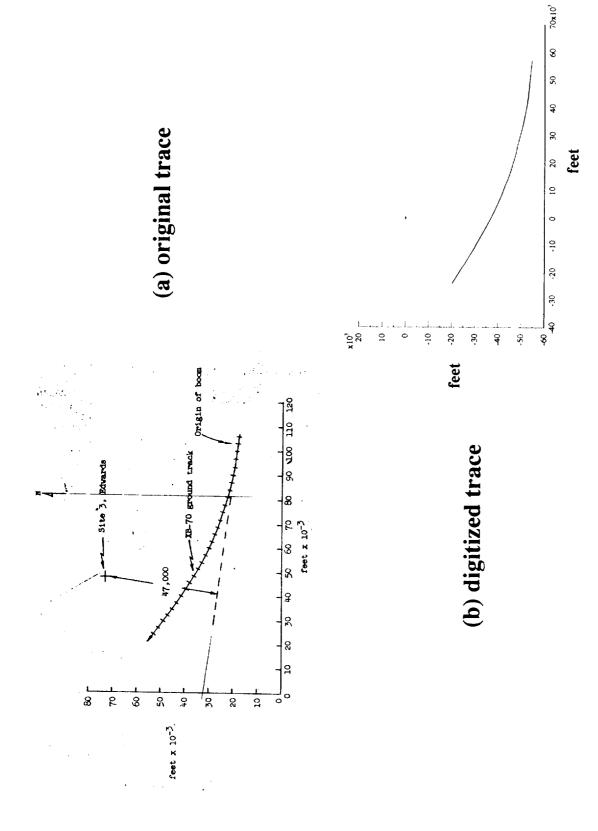


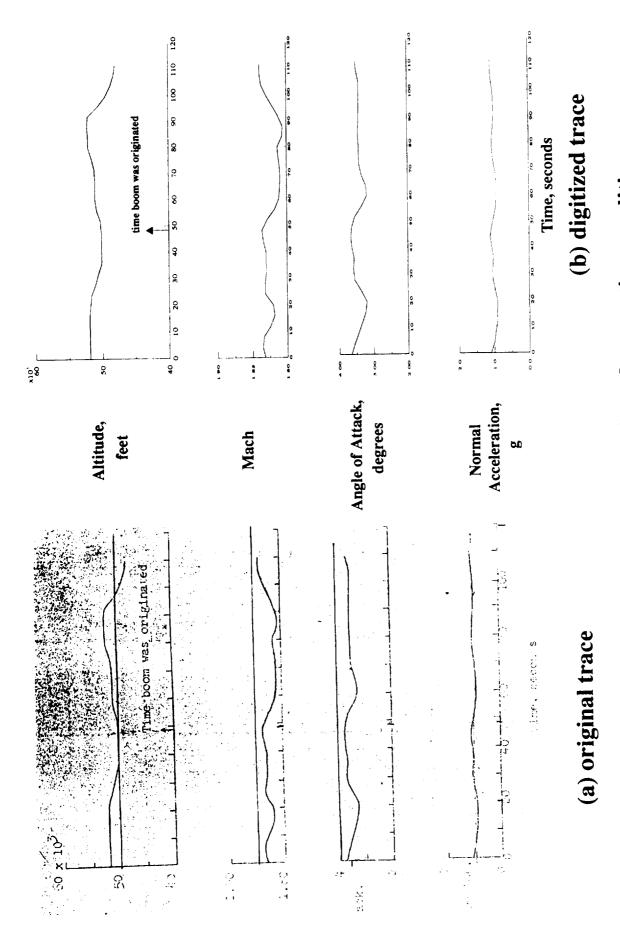
Figure 18.- Spectrum of N-wave sonic boom signature.



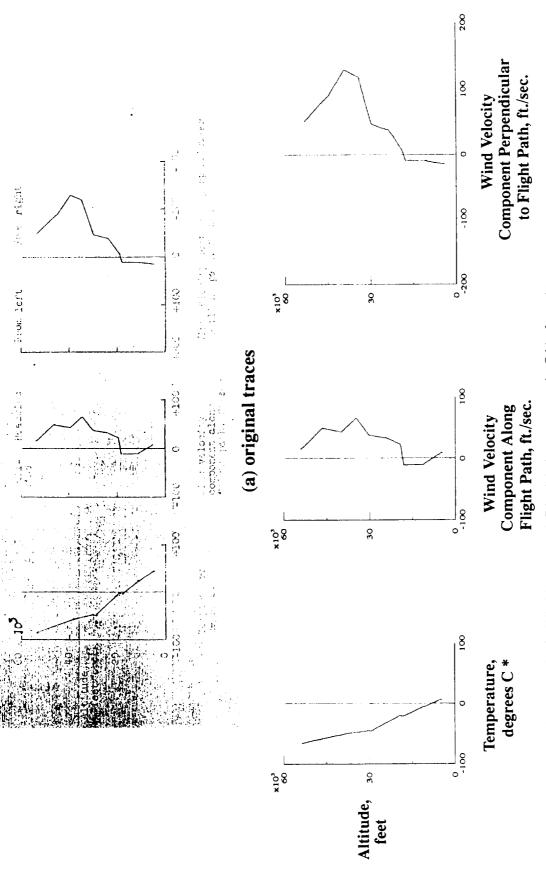
the recompression shock on spectrum shape. XB-70 #1 Flight #40 Figure 19.- Effect of abrupt cutoff of sonic boom signature trace following (DJM #33) microphone #6.



XB-70 #1 Flight #33 (DJM #27) with that produced using the scanning Figure 20.- Comparison of original aircraft ground track information for digitizing method.



for XB-70 #1 Flight #7 (DJM #1) with those produced using the scanning/ Figure 21.- Comparison of original onboard aircraft operating conditions digitizing method.



* Original temperature data for 40% of the reports was in Fahrenheit, data were converted to Celsius for consistency.

(b) digitized traces

with XB-70 #1 Flight #7(DJM #1) with those produced using the scanning/ Figure 22.- Comparison of original temperature and wing profiles associated digitizing method.

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

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This paper provides 39 supersonic flight	a com	npilation of meas	vr-	1 sonic boom s	signati	re data derived from	
of 1.11 to 2.92 and	an al	titude range of	30	500 feet to 70).300 f	eet. These tables	
represent a convenie	ent ha	ard copy version	of a	available elec	tronic	files which include	
over 300 digitized s	sonic	boom signatures	with	n their corres	spondir	ng spectra. Also	
included in the elec	troni	ic file is inform	natio	on regarding g	ground	track position,	
aircraft operating c			e ar	nd upper air w	veather	observations for	
each of the 43 super	Soute	: passes.					
In addition to the s	onic	boom signature d	lata	, this paper a	ılso pr	ovides a description	
of the XB-70 databas	se tha	it has been place	ed or	n electronic f	iles a	long with a	
description of the m							
boom signature time			rmat	ion is intend	led to	enhance the value	
and utilization of t	he el	ectronic files.					
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